#### **2014 SESSION DIGEST OF ENACTMENTS**

DIGEST OF HB 1002 (Updated March 13, 2014 5:04 pm - DI 73)

Transportation funding. Authorizes the budget agency to transfer not more than \$200,000,000 from the state general fund to the major moves 2020 trust fund (trust fund). (Current law requires a transfer of \$200,000,000.) Provides that the transfer is in addition to a transfer from the state general fund to the trust fund made before January 1, 2014. Authorizes the budget agency, after review by the budget committee, to transfer before July 1, 2014, not more than \$200,000,000 from the trust fund to the major moves construction fund (construction fund). Provides that if a transfer is made to the trust fund from the state general fund after December 31, 2013, and subject to budget committee review, the budget agency may transfer from the trust fund to the construction fund an additional amount equal to the lesser of \$200,000,000 or the total amount of transfers made to the trust fund after December 31, 2013.

DIGEST OF HB 1003 (Updated March 13, 2014 10:01 pm - DI 102)

Economic development. Provides for grants to eligible school corporations and charter schools to support cooperative arrangements with businesses for training students. Provides that, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2014, and before January 1, 2019, an economic development for a growing economy (EDGE) tax credit may be awarded to a business that employs students who have participated in a course of study that includes a cooperative arrangement between the business and an educational institution for the training of students in high wage, high demand jobs that require industry certifications. Caps the aggregate amount of EDGE tax credits awarded for this purpose in a state fiscal year at \$2.5 million. Renames the Indiana workforce intelligence system the Indiana network of knowledge (INK). Repeals provisions that assign to the Indiana career council responsibility for the INK, and transfers administration and oversight of the INK to the INK governance committee and the INK executive director appointed by the governor. Establishes an INK governance committee consisting of: (1) the commissioner of the department of workforce development; (2) the commissioner of the commission for higher education; (3) the superintendent of public instruction; (4) a member representing private colleges and universities appointed by the governor; (5) a member representing the business community appointed by the governor; and (6) the INK executive director, who serves in an advisory capacity. Authorizes the governor to appoint additional members of the INK governance committee as necessary. Requires the governor to appoint the INK executive director from a list of three candidates submitted by the INK governance committee. Requires agencies of the state to submit data to the INK as requested by the executive director. Allows private sector business or commercial employers, groups, associations, agencies and other entities, and private institutions of higher education to submit data to the INK by working with the executive director. Provides that the data submitted to Indiana network of knowledge (INK): (1) remains under the ownership and control of the agency submitting the data; and (2) may be used only for the purposes described in the INK statute (IC 22-4.5-10), unless the agency that submitted data consents to the additional use. Provides that, to the extent permitted by applicable federal law, regulation, or executive

order, the policies established by the INK governance committee must provide for access to INK data requested by the legislative department of state government. Provides that the INK may not obtain or store student disciplinary, juvenile delinquency, criminal, or medical and health records.

## DIGEST OF HB 1004 (Updated March 13, 2014 4:57 pm - DI 116)

Early learning pilot grant program. Authorizes the office of the secretary of family and social services (office) to establish a pilot program (pilot program) to make grants to certain entities that provide qualified early education services to eligible children who are four years of age. Specifies that the pilot program shall be funded (after review by the budget committee and approval by the budget agency) from any one or both of the following: (1) From Child Care and Development Fund (CCDF) grant funding. (2) From amounts reverted in a state fiscal year from funds appropriated to the divisions, departments, and bureaus administered by the office that are designated by the budget agency as available for funding the pilot program. Provides that the total amount of grants awarded from such funding under the pilot program in a state fiscal year may not exceed \$10,000,000. Specifies certain requirements that must be satisfied by an eligible provider that participates in the program. Provides that the amount of a grant made under the pilot program for an eligible child: (1) must equal at least \$2,500 during the state fiscal year; and (2) may not exceed \$6,800 during the state fiscal year. Specifies that at least 10% but not more than 50% of the tuition for eligible children under the pilot program during the state fiscal year must be paid from donations, gifts, grants, bequests, and other funds received from a private entity or person, from the United States government, or from other sources. Specifies that the grants shall be distributed in a manner consistent with how funds are distributed under the CCDF grant program. Requires the office to carry out a longitudinal study of students who participate in the pilot program to determine the achievement levels of those students in kindergarten and later grades. Provides that the office may, after consulting with the state board of education, enter into a contract with one or more persons to carry out the longitudinal study. Requires the office to report annually to the governor, the budget committee, the state board of education, the department of education, and the legislative council regarding the pilot program. Provides that a taxpayer is not entitled to a school scholarship tax credit for a contribution to a scholarship granting organization that is used to provide a scholarship or other assistance to a child participating in the pilot program. Establishes the prekindergarten and early learning study commission

#### DIGEST OF HB 1005 (Updated March 13, 2014 9:03 pm - DI 97)

Government reduction. Terminates Indiana's participation in the Midwest Greenhouse Gas Reduction Accord as of a certain date. Repeals the law concerning cancellation and reissuance by the auditor of state on certain outstanding warrants. Repeals law concerning a prohibition on construction of fences and bleachers on Evansville State Hospital property. Removes provisions allowing for violent crime victims compensation funding for loss or disability of a law enforcement animal. Specifies the rate of interest related to certain state payments is based on the

average yield on state general fund money. Amends or repeals certain motor vehicles provisions, including references to street cars, buses, motorcycle permits, suspension of driving privileges, operating on an expired vehicle merchandising license, and specialized driving privileges. Removes funds used by the division of family resources in relation to programs for individuals with developmental disabilities from the list of funds to which the law concerning the financial services group of the office of the secretary of family and social services applies. Repeals the law concerning continuance of prosecution, treatment, and probation for individuals charged with or convicted of felonies related to drug or alcohol abuse and supervised by the division of mental health and addiction. Repeals provisions for voluntary and involuntary addiction treatment by the division of mental health and addiction. Changes the membership of the underground petroleum storage tank financial assurance board. Makes corrections to references to defunct environmental boards and language suggesting the existence of multiple boards with environmental rulemaking power. Repeals the responsible property transfer law. Repeals the pest control compact. Strikes a provision allowing the commissioner of labor to obtain assistance from the state department of health with respect to an unsafe or unsanitary workplace. Repeals the law concerning payroll bonds. Provides for an employer letter requested by a terminating employee to state whether the employee quit or was involuntarily discharged and repeals a provision making a violation a Class C infraction. Changes the frequency of occupational safety standards commission meetings. Repeals a provision regulating distress sales. Removes a provision requiring foreign and alien insurers to file applications in duplicate. Provides for juvenile court judge appointment of magistrates. Makes conforming amendments.

## DIGEST OF HB 1006 (Updated March 13, 2014 11:10 am - DI 106)

Reconciles technical and substantive conflicts between HEA 1006-2013 (the criminal code revision bill) and other bills concerning criminal law. Changes the nomenclature for felonies from "Class" to "Level" for statutes not amended by HEA 1006-2013. Removes criminal gang activity, criminal gang intimidation, and certain drug offenses from the list of crimes over which a juvenile court does not have jurisdiction. Authorizes pretrial diversion for persons charged with a Level 5 or Level 6 felony. Prohibits a credit restricted felon from obtaining sentence modification. Provides that, not later than 365 days after: (1) a convicted person begins serving the person's sentence; and (2) the court obtains a report from the department of correction concerning the convicted person's conduct while imprisoned; the court may reduce or suspend the person's sentence and impose any sentence the court was authorized to impose at the time of sentencing. Specifies that, if more than 365 days have elapsed since the convicted person began serving the sentence, the court may reduce or suspend the sentence and impose any sentence the court was authorized to impose at the time of sentencing. Limits the filing of subsequent petitions to modify a sentence, and removes the requirement that the court hold a hearing. Requires a court to explain its reasons for imposing a sentence unless the court imposes an advisory sentence. Increases the number of crimes that are nonsuspendible. Makes changes to the penalties for the crimes of dealing in cocaine or a narcotic drug and dealing in methamphetamine. Allows a court to suspend any part of a sentence for a Level 2 felony or a Level 3 felony concerning a controlled substance. Enhances the penalties for certain controlled substance offenses if a person commits

an offense: (1) within 500 feet of school property or a public park when a child is likely to be present; or (2) in the physical presence of a child less than 18 years of age, knowing that the child was present and might be able to see or hear the offense. Requires a court to sentence a person found to be a habitual offender to an additional fixed term of imprisonment that is between: (1) six years and 20 years, for a person convicted of murder or a Level 1 through Level 4 felony; and (2) two years and six years, for a person convicted of a Level 5 or Level 6 felony. Increases the advisory sentence: (1) from six years to nine years for a Level 3 felony; (2) from four years to six years for a Level 4 felony; and (3) from two years to three years for a Level 5 felony. Amends credit time provisions by creating a new Class A that provides that a person: (1) who is not a credit restricted felon; and (2) who is imprisoned for a Level 6 felony or a misdemeanor or imprisoned awaiting trial or sentencing for a Level 6 felony or misdemeanor; earns one day of credit time for every day the person is imprisoned or confined awaiting sentencing. Provides that the: (1) Class I through Class IV credit class system applies to a person who commits an offense before July 1, 2014; and (2) Class A through Class D credit class system effective July 1, 2014, applies to a person who commits an offense after June 30, 2014. Provides that educational credit time is deducted from the release date that would otherwise apply to the person. Provides that before March 1, 2015, the department of correction (department) shall estimate the amount of any operational cost savings that will be realized in the state fiscal year ending June 30, 2015, from a reduction in the number of individuals who are in the custody of the department of correction that is attributable to the sentencing changes made under the bill. Specifies that if the department estimates that such operational cost savings will be realized, the department may, after review by the budget committee and approval by the budget agency, do the following: (1) Make additional grants to counties for community corrections programs from funds appropriated to the department for the department's operating expenses. (2) Transfer funds (from funds appropriated to the department for the department's operating expenses) to the judicial conference of Indiana to be used by the judicial conference of Indiana to provide additional financial aid for the support of court probation services. Provides that the maximum aggregate amount of these additional grants and transfers may not exceed the lesser of the amount of operational cost savings or \$11,000,000. Reduces the sentence for: (1) arson with intent to defraud; (2) an offense against intellectual property; and (3) auto theft; from a Level 5 felony to a Level 6 felony. Reduces the maximum penalties for: (1) Level 1 felonies from 50 to 40 years; and (2) for Level 3 felonies from 20 to 16 years. Provides that a person less than 18 years of age who possesses an indecent image of another person less than 18 years of age commits a Class A misdemeanor if: (1) the persons are in a dating relationship; (2) the age difference between the persons is not more than four years; and (3) the person acquiesced in the taking or transmission of the indecent image. Specifies that a person who is eligible to be prosecuted for possession of an indecent image as a misdemeanor may not be prosecuted for possession of child pornography or child exploitation. Makes it child seduction, a Level 6 felony, for a law enforcement officer who is at least five years older than a child who is: (1) at least 16 years of age; and (2) less than 18 years of age; to fondle or touch the child with the intent to arouse or satisfy the sexual desires of either the child or the law enforcement officer, if the law enforcement officer's contact with the child occurred in the course of the officer's official duties, and increases the penalty to a Level 5 felony if the law enforcement officer engages in sexual intercourse or other sexual

conduct with the child. Increases the minimum enhancement amount for certain controlled substances from three grams to five grams. Requires the Indiana criminal justice institute to monitor and evaluate criminal justice reform. Provides that a person may only be convicted of possession with intent to deliver if there is evidence in addition to the amount of the drug possessed that the person intended to manufacture or deliver the drug. Creates a lower offense category for persons who sell less than one gram of a controlled substance. Provides that: (1) after June 30, 2014, and before July 1, 2015, a person convicted of a Level 6 felony may not be committed to the department of correction if the person's earliest possible release date is less than 91 days from the date of sentencing, unless the commitment is due to the person violating a condition of probation, parole, or community corrections and the violation is not technical; and (2) after June 30, 2015, a person convicted of a Level 6 felony may not be committed to the department of correction if the person's earliest possible release date is less than 366 days from the date of sentencing, unless the commitment is due to the person violating a condition of probation, parole, or community corrections by committing a new criminal offense. Specifies that: (1) after June 30, 2014, a sheriff is entitled to a per diem and medical expense reimbursement for the cost of incarcerating a person convicted of a Level 6 felony whose earliest possible release date is less than 91 days; (2) after June 30, 2015, a sheriff is entitled to a per diem and medical expense reimbursement for the cost of incarcerating a person convicted of a Level 6 felony whose earliest possible release date is less than 366 days; and (3) the reimbursement shall be reviewed by the budget committee and is subject to the approval of the budget agency. Provides that a person on home detention as a condition of probation is entitled to earn credit time. Reconciles conflicts and makes technical corrections. (The introduced version of this bill was prepared by the criminal law and sentencing policy study committee.)

## DIGEST OF HB 1008 (Updated February 18, 2014 2:00 pm - DI 84)

Publication of list of criminal offenses. Repeals the article listing criminal law statutes for titles outside IC 35, and reorganizes the criminal law statutes into individual sections under a new article. Does not make any substantive change in the law. (The introduced version of this bill was prepared by the code revision commission.)

## DIGEST OF HB 1009 (Updated March 5, 2014 5:12 pm - DI 84)

Surveillance and privacy. Requires a law enforcement officer to obtain a search warrant in order to use an unmanned aerial vehicle, with certain exceptions. Exempts electronic or video toll collection activities and facilities from certain restrictions relating to video and electronic surveillance and data collection. Provides that a law enforcement officer may not compel a person to provide a passkey, password, or keycode to any electronic communication service, electronic device, or electronic storage, or any form of stored electronic user data without a valid search warrant issued by a judge. Prohibits a law enforcement officer or law enforcement agency from using a real time tracking instrument that is capable of obtaining geolocation information concerning a cellular device or a device connected to a cellular network unless certain conditions are met. Provides that, except for a law enforcement officer or governmental entity who has

obtained a search warrant, a person who knowingly or intentionally places a camera or electronic surveillance equipment that records images or data of any kind while unattended on the private property of another person without the consent of the owner or tenant of the private property commits a Class A misdemeanor. Establishes a procedure to use electronic mail to apply for a warrant. Provides immunity from civil and criminal liability for certain entities that provide information pursuant to certain court orders. Provides certain procedures for the issuance of search warrants concerning electronic communication service or remote computing service that affect the law concerning a journalist's privilege against disclosure of an information source. Urges the legislative council to assign to a study committee during the 2014 legislative interim the topic of digital privacy, including: (1) issues related to searches of electronic devices, compelling the disclosure of electronic user data, the collection and use of geolocation information, and the collection and use of biometric information by government agencies; and (2) any other issue concerning digital privacy and related subjects.

DIGEST OF HB 1013 (Updated February 17, 2014 4:02 pm - DI 84)

Release of animal veterinary records. Provides that in certain circumstances an animal's veterinary medical records must be released within five business days.

DIGEST OF HB 1019 (Updated March 4, 2014 1:50 pm - DI 84)

Lewis and Clark expedition commission. Renames the Lewis and Clark bicentennial commission as the Lewis and Clark expedition commission (commission). Reduces the number of legislative members on the commission to two members of the house of representatives and two members of the senate (current law provides for six members from the house of representatives and six members from the senate). Renames the Lewis and Clark bicentennial license plate as the Lewis and Clark expedition license plate. Removes the requirement that the department of natural resources staff the commission. Requires notice of a commission meeting to be given to members of the commission at least a ten (10) days before the meeting date. Requires an approval vote of the members of the commission before money acquired by the commission is disbursed. Makes conforming changes.

DIGEST OF HB 1020 (Updated March 12, 2014 5:39 pm - DI 113)

Study of economic development incentives. Requires the commission on state tax and financing policy to review, analyze, and evaluate state and local tax incentives that are provided to encourage economic development or to alter, reward, or subsidize a particular action or behavior by a tax incentive recipient.

DIGEST OF HB 1027 (Updated March 4, 2014 1:52 pm - DI 84)

Property tax exemptions. Provides that a nonprofit youth baseball and softball association may submit an exemption application before July 1, 2014, for property tax exemptions for an eligible

property with respect to one or more of the 2008, 2009, and 2010 assessment dates. Provides that the association is entitled to a property tax exemption if the county assessor finds that the parcel would have qualified for an exemption if an exemption application had been filed in a timely manner. Provides that certain eligible taxpayers in Marion County may submit exemption applications before September 1, 2014, for property tax exemptions for eligible properties with respect to the 2011 assessment date, the 2012 assessment date, or both the 2011 and 2012 assessment dates. Provides that a youth baseball association may before July 1, 2014, submit exemption applications for an eligible property with respect to certain assessment dates. Provides that the association is entitled to a property tax exemption if the county assessor finds that the property would have qualified for an exemption if an exemption application had been filed in a timely manner. Provides that eligible taxpayers are entitled to a refund for any back taxes, penalties, and interest paid with respect to an eligible property. Allows a county auditor to determine that a refund must be paid in two annual installments.

## DIGEST OF HB 1028 (Updated March 13, 2014 8:28 pm - DI 116)

Adult high schools. Adds a definition of an "adult high school". Repeals a provision that prohibits the establishment of new adult high schools. Provides that an adult high school may only be authorized by the Indiana charter school board. Requires a charter for an adult high school to contain certain requirements. Provides that, with certain exceptions, for state fiscal years beginning after June 30, 2014, an adult high school is not entitled to receive funding from the state unless the general assembly enacts an appropriation for the adult high school. Provides that an adult high school is subject to an alternative accountability system established by the state board. Provides that certain authorizers may collect a 3% administrative fee from the amount appropriated to an adult high school. (Current law provides that an authorizer may collect the administrative fee from the charter school's basic tuition support.)

## DIGEST OF HB 1035 (Updated March 4, 2014 12:55 pm - DI 84)

Regional economic development. Requires the Indiana economic development corporation to conduct an assessment of Indiana's regional metropolitan areas. Provides that the assessment must analyze the economic potential of each of Indiana's regional cities and provide a report on the needs of each regional city along with recommendations on initiatives and improvements in each regional city that will lead to regional economic growth.

#### DIGEST OF HB 1036 (Updated March 13, 2014 11:06 am - DI 97)

Child care and development fund eligibility. Specifies health, education, safety, and training requirements that a child care provider must meet as a condition of eligibility to receive a federal Child Care and Development Fund (CCDF) voucher payment. Specifies that in determining whether a provider meets the CCDF eligibility requirements, the division of family resources may not consider religious instruction or activities. Provides for decertification of eligibility. Requires certain reporting related to safety of children. Requires certain information to be

prepared and distributed concerning the duty to report known or suspected child abuse or neglect. Allows the state department of health to release to certain child care providers information from the immunization data registry.

### DIGEST OF HB 1037 (Updated March 5, 2014 5:14 pm - DI 84)

Broadcasters during emergencies or disasters. Provides that: (1) broadcasters shall develop comprehensive and coordinated plans for preparation for and responding appropriately to an emergency or disaster; and (2) any statewide organization or a member of a statewide organization that represents broadcasters may establish a program for training and certifying broadcast engineers and technical personnel as first response broadcasters. Provides that: (1) communications service providers shall develop comprehensive and coordinated plans for preparation for and responding appropriately to an emergency or disaster; and (2) any statewide organization or a member of a statewide organization that represents communications service providers may establish a program for training and certifying broadcast engineers and technical personnel as first response broadcasters. Makes technical corrections.

## DIGEST OF HB 1039 (Updated March 4, 2014 1:53 pm - DI 84)

Indiana grown initiative. Establishes the Indiana grown initiative to market and promote Indiana produced agricultural products. Establishes a commission appointed by the secretary of agriculture and rural development. Provides for the department of agriculture (department) to develop, administer, market, and promote the Indiana grown initiative program (program). Provides for the department to establish fees for participation in the program. Allows the department to adopt rules concerning the program. Requires the Indiana grown commission (commission) to provide comment and policy feedback on the program to the department. Allows the commission to provide technical assistance and industry knowledge for the program. Creates the Indiana grown initiative fund.

#### DIGEST OF HB 1041 (Updated March 4, 2014 1:09 pm - DI 84)

Oaths and acknowledgment of documents. Allows the adjutant general of the Indiana National Guard, specific active duty members, reserve duty members, or civilian employees of the Indiana National Guard designated by the adjutant general of the Indiana National Guard, to subscribe and administer oaths and take acknowledgments of all documents related to the service of an active or reserve duty member of the Indiana National Guard.

#### DIGEST OF HB 1045 (Updated March 10, 2014 4:55 pm - DI 84)

Occupational therapy. Revises the definition of "practice of occupational therapy". Adds a definition of "occupational therapy services". Requires that an occupational therapist who performs an evaluation that suggests a condition that requires medical attention must promptly refer the patient to a physician. Sets forth requirements that must be met in order for an

occupational therapist or a speech-language pathologist to assess and manage the pharyngoesophageal phase of swallowing. Requires that an occupational therapist must have a master's degree for initial licensure beginning July 1, 2006.

Heritage barns. Permits a person to receive a 100% property tax deduction against the assessed value of a barn that qualifies as a heritage barn. Requires the office of tourism development to promote heritage barns. Permits a county to impose a public safety fee up to \$50 for each heritage barn receiving a deduction.

Special circumstances hunting safety card. Establishes a special circumstances hunting safety card.

Development around military base. Expands, for purposes of the limitations on planning and zoning that affect the Crane military base, the definition of "military base" to include the Glendora Lake Test Facility in Sullivan County at which the Crane military base conducts affiliated operations.

Levee associations. Specifies that certain levee districts or associations that were created under a statute that was repealed and were allowed to continue after the statute was repealed are subject to the laws concerning levee associations.

Unobstructed views at railroad crossings. Requires the Indiana department of transportation (INDOT) to adopt rules concerning distances for maintaining an unobstructed view within (rather than from) a railroad right-of-way. Provides that a rule adopted by INDOT concerning distances for unobstructed views within railroad rights-of-way replaces any common law duties imposed on a railroad with respect to the distances established under the rule.

Electronic delivery and posting of insurance documents. Provides for the electronic delivery of insurance notices and documents instead of other modes of delivery otherwise required for such notices and documents. Requires a recipient's consent to electronic delivery and a method to withdraw consent. Allows electronic posting of property and casualty insurance documents under

certain conditions

## DIGEST OF HB 1059 (Updated February 25, 2014 4:39 pm - DI 84)

Motor vehicle financial responsibility. Makes various changes to the motor vehicle financial responsibility law, including the: (1) definition of "registration" to include the license plate issued in connection with the registration of a vehicle; (2) requirement of proof of financial responsibility; (3) suspension of a registration as a consequence of operation of the vehicle without financial responsibility in effect; and (4) requirement of proof of future financial responsibility for five years related to operating a vehicle without financial responsibility in effect. Increases fees for the reinstatement of a driving license suspended under the financial responsibility law. Specifies that \$30 of each reinstatement fee currently charged and the amount of the fee increase must be deposited in the motor vehicle highway account. (The introduced version of this bill was prepared by the interim study committee on insurance.)

## DIGEST OF HB 1061 (Updated March 13, 2014 8:26 pm - DI 77)

Dental hygiene practice. Allows a dental hygienist to practice under prescriptive supervision in a dental office, clinical setting, or health facility if certain conditions are met. Allows the board of dentistry to approve other locations where a dental hygienist may practice under direct or prescriptive supervision. Prohibits a dental hygienist from using a laser to provide treatment to a patient. Requires the board of dentistry to report to the legislative council on the effectiveness of dental hygiene prescriptive supervision laws.

## DIGEST OF HB 1062 (Updated March 13, 2014 8:26 pm - DI 92)

Local government finance. Provides that for all political subdivisions, the maximum amount allowed for an operating balance for a debt service fund is 50% of the budget estimate for annual debt service payments from the fund for debt originally incurred before July 1, 2014, including refinanced debt, and 15% on debt originally incurred after June 30, 2014. Permits a school corporation that experiences at least a 10% loss to the school corporation's transportation fund due to circuit breaker credits in 2014, 2015, or 2016 to use a proportional circuit breaker credit allocation for that year. Permits a school corporation that experiences at least a 20% loss to the school corporation's levies due to circuit breaker credits to use debt restructuring by adopting a resolution before January 1, 2019. Specifies that if a taxpayer appearing at the public hearing files a written objection to the proposed restructuring and a sufficient number of people request a petition and remonstrance process, the bonds may not be issued unless more petitioners than remonstrators sign the petition.

#### DIGEST OF HB 1063 (Updated March 10, 2014 4:57 pm - DI 84)

Charter school compacts. Provides that a charter school and a school corporation may enter into a compact under which the: (1) school corporation or charter school agrees to provide goods,

facilities, services, or other consideration to the other party to the compact; and (2) charter school authorizes the school corporation to include the charter school's performance assessment results when calculating the school corporation's performance assessment. Provides that a charter school may participate in a special education cooperative. Provides that a special education cooperative may be operated and managed by a board of managers that consists of members as determined by agreement between the parties. Provides that a charter school may enter into an interlocal agreement.

## DIGEST OF HB 1064 (Updated March 4, 2014 1:56 pm - DI 84)

Study of career and technical education programs. Requires the Indiana career council to complete not later than August 1, 2014, a return on investment and utilization study of career and technical education programs in Indiana. Makes technical corrections.

### DIGEST OF HB 1070 (Updated March 4, 2014 1:58 pm - DI 84)

Department of correction ombudsman. Requires the department of correction (department) ombudsman (ombudsman) to create a monthly report that includes a summary of the findings of all substantiated complaints. Provides that the ombudsman may conduct investigations of alleged violations of department policy, state or federal laws, and department administrative rules at any department facility. Provides that the ombudsman may recommend changes to the commissioner of the department concerning department policies or practices.

## DIGEST OF HB 1074 (Updated March 5, 2014 5:15 pm - DI 84)

Pension thirteenth checks. Provides for a thirteenth check for certain members of the: (1) Indiana state teachers' retirement fund; (2) public employees' retirement fund; (3) state excise police, gaming agent, gaming control officer, and conservation enforcement officers' retirement fund; (4) state police 1987 benefits system; and (5) certain members of the pre-1987 state police benefit system.

## DIGEST OF HB 1075 (Updated March 13, 2014 10:18 pm - DI 102)

Public pensions. Provides that the board of trustees (board) of the Indiana public retirement system may not, before January 1, 2017, enter into an agreement with a third party provider to provide annuities to retiring and retired members of the public employees' retirement fund (PERF) and the teachers' retirement fund (TRF). Specifies the interest rate used to determine the annuity amount is: (1) 5.75%, after September 30, 2014, and before October 1, 2015 and (2) the greater of: (A) the interest rate for similar annuities being purchased in the private market as determined by the board; or (B) 4.5%; after September 30, 2015, and before January 1, 2017. Provides that, after December 31, 2016, whenever the board enters into an agreement with a third party provider, the interest rate used to determine the annuity amount is equal to the rate for similar annuities being purchased in the private market as recommended by the third party

provider. Removes language terminating an annual pension paid to the surviving spouse of a governor if the surviving spouse remarries. Increases from 3% to 5% the maximum percentage of a state employee's base salary that may be deducted as an automatic contribution to the state's deferred compensation plan.

# DIGEST OF HB 1076 (Updated February 25, 2014 4:42 pm - DI 84)

INDOT eminent domain actions. Reduces from six to three years the deadline by which the Indiana department of transportation or any other person seeking to acquire property for road construction must file a complaint to acquire the property by the exercise of eminent domain following the rejection of an offer to purchase by the owner of the property. Requires a court to conduct an expedited hearing of the complaint. Provides that a party to the court proceeding is entitled to an expedited appeal of the court's final ruling under rules to be adopted by the supreme court.

## DIGEST OF HB 1079 (Updated March 5, 2014 2:09 pm - DI 84)

Student transfers. Provides that the governing body of a school corporation may authorize the school corporation to enter into an agreement with an accredited nonpublic school or charter school to allow students of the accredited nonpublic school or charter school to transfer to a school within the school corporation. Provides that a school corporation that has adopted a policy not to accept student transfers after June 30, 2013, is not prohibited from enrolling a member of a household in which any other member of the household was a transfer student who attended a school within the school corporation during the 2012-2013 school year. Provides that in the event a school corporation enrolls a transfer student or a member of the same household of a transfer student that attended a school corporation during the 2012-2013 school year, the school corporation shall also allow a student or member of the same household of a student who attended an accredited nonpublic school within the attendance area of the school corporation during the 2012-2013 school year to enroll in a school within the school corporation.

#### DIGEST OF HB 1080 (Updated March 4, 2014 1:36 pm - DI 84)

Proceeding through intersection at red light. Authorizes the operator of a: (1) motorcycle; (2) motorized bicycle; (3) motor scooter; or (4) bicycle; approaching an intersection that is controlled by a traffic control signal to proceed through the intersection on a steady red signal under certain circumstances. Makes corresponding amendments.

#### DIGEST OF HB 1083 (Updated March 13, 2014 9:06 pm - DI 96)

Child labor law and unemployment insurance. Provides that a legal entity whose ownership is limited to the parents of an employed child or persons standing in place of the parent of an employed child is not subject to certain provisions of the child labor law. Provides that all blank forms necessary to carry out child labor law regulation must be prepared by the department of

labor and supplied to issuing officers by means of electronic or printed publication and repeals language providing that funds to pay expenses incurred by the department in printing and distributing the blank forms are appropriated annually out of any money in the state general fund that is not otherwise appropriated. Authorizes a child between the ages of 16 and 17 to work until 11 p.m. on a night followed by a school day if the employer has obtained written permission from the child's parent and placed the written permission on file in the employer's office. Authorizes a child to work in an occupation designated as hazardous by the child labor provisions of the federal FLSA when the child is working for the child's parent or a person standing in the place of the child's parent on a farm owned or operated by the parent or person. Adds language concerning the public policy involved in the application and payment of unemployment benefits (benefits). Removes any burden of proof from the determination of eligibility for benefits and the determination of gross misconduct. Repeals provisions concerning the process for determining a positive drug test for purposes of an individual's disqualification for benefits. Removes language concerning a department of workforce development's rule or policy regarding an employer's filing of a notice in connection with an individual, group, or mass separation arising from a vacation period. Provides that holiday and vacation pay are deductible income for the week in which the holiday or vacation occurs. Redefines "employer" for purposes of participation in the unemployment insurance system as an employing unit that: (1) has incurred liability for wages payable to one or more individuals; or (2) incurs liability for payment of wages of at least \$1 in any calendar quarter during the current or immediately preceding calendar year. Provides that a benefits overpayment includes any week for which the failure to disclose or falsification of a fact caused benefits to be paid improperly. Provides that, when an individual's most recent separation from employment is a disqualifying separation, the individual must earn remuneration from employment for eight weeks and the remuneration must equal or exceed eight times the weekly benefit amount before the individual again qualifies for benefits. Provides that payment of private unemployment benefits that is conditional upon the signing of a release of employment related claims against the employer is severance pay and is deductible income. Increases from 15 to 30 days the time in which a party has to file an appeal of a review board's decision with the court of appeals. Authorizes the use of money in the special employment and training services fund for the prevention, detection, and recovery of delinquent contributions and penalties and improper benefit payments. Updates references to the high school equivalency diploma program and corrects a reference to the rulemaking body for the program.

DIGEST OF HB 1095 (Updated February 20, 2014 2:31 pm - DI 84)

Hamilton County magistrates. Allows the judge of the Hamilton circuit court and the judges of the Hamilton superior courts to jointly appoint three full-time magistrates to serve the circuit and superior courts. (Current law provides that the three magistrates may be jointly appointed by the judges of the Hamilton superior courts to serve the superior courts.)

DIGEST OF HB 1096 (Updated February 24, 2014 2:46 pm - DI 84)

Voting systems. Amends election statutes to recognize changes in technology of voting systems.

#### DIGEST OF HB 1099 (Updated March 5, 2014 10:20 am - DI 84)

Annexation of noncontiguous property. Allows a municipality to annex property that is not contiguous to the municipality and is occupied by: (1) a municipally owned or operated wastewater treatment facility or water treatment facility; or (2) a police station of the municipality. Provides that if a municipality annexes such territory, the municipality may annex additional territory to enlarge the territory for the use of the wastewater treatment facility or water treatment facility only if the county legislative body approves that use of the additional territory by ordinance. Provides that certain municipalities may appeal an annexation on the basis that the annexed territory is not contiguous to the annexing municipality. Specifies that certain annexed territory may not be considered a part of the municipality for purposes of annexing additional territory and may not be considered a part of the corporate boundaries of the municipality for certain purposes under zoning laws.

DIGEST OF HB 1104 (Updated March 5, 2014 5:16 pm - DI 84)

Alternative transportation funding mechanisms. Requires the Indiana department of transportation to contract with a third party for a study of alternative funding mechanisms for the maintenance of Indiana's transportation infrastructure.

DIGEST OF HB 1107 (Updated March 4, 2014 2:02 pm - DI 84)

Recording of homeowners association covenants. Lowers the number of different sections of lots of a land development, from 12 to two, that are required to record certain homeowners association covenants.

DIGEST OF HB 1110 (Updated March 5, 2014 5:18 pm - DI 84)

Department of child services. Makes various changes to provisions concerning child welfare, including: (1) the contents of notices sent out by the director of the department of natural resources to individuals who are delinquent in paying child support; (2) the definition of "relative" for purposes of provisions concerning residential child care, collaborative care, the placement of children who are children in need of services, and juvenile delinquency; (3) the issuance and implementation of income withholding orders; (4) information reviewed by the residential placement committee; (5) the disclosure of reports and other materials concerning investigations and reports of children who are or are alleged to be children in need of services and child fatalities or near fatalities; and (6) the placement of children who are or alleged to be children in need of services. Makes a technical correction. Repeals a provision concerning foster care licenses.

DIGEST OF HB 1116 (Updated March 13, 2014 11:09 am - DI 110)

Alcohol and tobacco matters. Allows the department of natural resources to permit, in the terms

of a lease or contract concerning state owned land under the management and control of the department, the retail sale of alcoholic beverages for consumption on the licensed premises of an inn if the lessee or concessionaire applies for and secures the necessary permits. (Current law allows only for a lease or contract that concerns federally owned land under the control and management of the department.) Allows the holder of an artisan distiller's permit that also holds a microbrewery permit to hold a retailer permit for a restaurant. Makes a change to the requirement that qualifies a retail tobacco store or cigar specialty store to allow smoking on the premises to provide that the store may not sell food or beverages in a manner that requires consumption on the premises. (Current law provides that the store may not sell food or beverages for consumption on the premises.) Provides that the requirement to post a sign concerning no smoking within eight feet of a public entrance does not apply to a public place or place of employment in which smoking is allowed. Makes a correction.

## DIGEST OF HB 1119 (Updated February 27, 2014 3:58 pm - DI 84)

Securities law. Exempts certain transactions involving the offer to sell or the sale of securities from security registration requirements. Provides that amounts ordered or identified as restitution are not considered monetary sanctions for purposes of determining the maximum amount the securities commissioner may award to an informant for reporting a securities violation.

## DIGEST OF HB 1121 (Updated March 5, 2014 5:19 pm - DI 84)

Administrative adjudication. Authorizes an agency to share an administrative law judge with another agency. Requires the inspector general to adopt a statewide code of judicial conduct for administrative law judges. Provides that an administrative law judge who is not the ultimate authority or a member of the ultimate authority must: (1) be an attorney; or (2) have served as an administrative law judge before January 1, 2014. Prohibits the ultimate authority from communicating with certain persons, including: (1) a party; (2) a person with an interest in the outcome; or (3) a person who presided at an earlier stage of the proceeding; concerning a matter pending before or adjudicated by an administrative law judge if there is a reasonable likelihood that the ultimate authority will be called upon to review or issue a final order with respect to the matter. Requires an agency to disclose certain information relating to administrative law judges employed by the agency. Specifies when a party has standing to obtain judicial review of an agency action. Requires that an agency's rulemaking docket must contain certain additional information.

## DIGEST OF HB 1123 (Updated March 10, 2014 5:10 pm - DI 84)

Abortion coverage. Prohibits accident and sickness insurance policies and health maintenance organization contracts from providing abortion coverage except in specified circumstances. Allows an insurer or health maintenance organization to provide abortion coverage through a rider or an endorsement.

### DIGEST OF HB 1132 (Updated February 24, 2014 2:48 pm - DI 84)

Infrastructure improvement costs. Provides that a public utility that provides water or wastewater service may petition the utility regulatory commission for an adjustment of its basic rates and charges to allow for recovery of eligible infrastructure improvement costs. (Current law provides that only a public utility that provides water service may apply for a distribution system improvement charge.) Requires a public utility to annually reconcile the difference between its utility rate improvement adjustment revenues and infrastructure improvement costs. Repeals definitions related to distribution system improvement charges. Makes conforming amendments.

## DIGEST OF HB 1134 (Updated March 5, 2014 10:12 am - DI 84)

Political activity on homeowners association property. Provides that a homeowners association may not adopt or enforce a rule or covenant that prohibits, or has the effect of prohibiting: (1) a candidate; (2) an individual who holds an elected office; (3) the spouse of a candidate or individual who holds an elective office; or (4) a volunteer worker of a candidate or individual who holds an elected office; from entering onto homeowners association property for purposes of conducting political activity.

#### DIGEST OF HB 1139 (Updated March 13, 2014 11:19 am - DI 104)

Hearing aids. Amends the definition of "hearing aid" and defines "personal sound amplifier". Makes a correction to the name of an association. Provides that a person may not sell, lease, or rent a hearing aid in Indiana unless the hearing aid has been fitted in person by a hearing aid dealer or an audiologist. Exempts certain persons who issue a prescription or order for a hearing aid from the requirement. Provides a Class B infraction for violations. Requires the state department of health to report information to the legislative council concerning: (1) the number of minors who are hearing impaired; and (2) the estimated cost for a state program and a health insurance requirement to provide hearing aids to those minors.

#### DIGEST OF HB 1140 (Updated March 4, 2014 2:02 pm - DI 84)

Parole. Requires the department of correction (department) to create policies that provide for a schedule of progressive parole incentives and violation sanctions, including judicial review procedures, and submit the policies to the parole board for review. Requires the parole board to review and approve the policies submitted by the department. Provides that if a parolee commits a new: (1) Level 1 felony or Level 2 felony, the parole board shall revoke parole; and (2) Level 3 felony, Level 4 felony, Level 5 felony, or Level 6 felony, the parole board may revoke parole. Provides that a parolee may be subject to progressive parole violation sanctions under certain circumstances.

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#### DIGEST OF HB 1141 (Updated March 12, 2014 2:48 pm - DI 75)

Methamphetamine lab disclosure in property sales. Provides that the state police department (and not the Indiana criminal justice institute) maintains the methamphetamine laboratory web site (web site). Provides that a property used for the manufacture of methamphetamine may not be placed on the web site until 180 days after the methamphetamine laboratory is reported to the state police department, and specifies that the state police department may not place a property on the web site if it was decontaminated before being placed on the web site. Provides that a property must be removed from the web site in accordance with the statute that requires the web site to be established. Specifies that if methamphetamine is manufactured in an apartment of a multi-unit complex, only the specific unit in which the methamphetamine was manufactured may be included on the web site. Requires a person who manufactures methamphetamine on property owned by another person to pay restitution to the owner for the owner's actual damages, including lost rents and the costs of decontamination.

# DIGEST OF HB 1155 (Updated March 6, 2014 2:24 pm - DI 84)

Expungement. Relocates and restates certain provisions dealing with the expungement of arrest records, and deletes inconsistent language. (Under current law, there are two inconsistent procedures for expunging arrest records.) Specifies where a petition for expungement must be filed, and removes the prohibition against a waiver or reduction of the filing fee for an indigent person. Grants a defense attorney and a probation department access to expunged records if authorized by court order. Allows a court to accept filing of a subsequent petition for expungement that includes convictions not named in the original petition under certain circumstances. Provides that a court must find by a preponderance of the evidence instead of by clear and convincing evidence that all the requirements of expungement have been met to order a person's conviction records marked as expunged. Prohibits a person from waiving the right to expungement as part of a plea agreement. Grants access to expunged records to: (1) the supreme court and the state board of law examiners to determine a person's fitness for admission to the bar; and (2) a person required to access expunged records to comply with the federal Secure and Fair Enforcement for Mortgage Licensing Act. Specifies the procedure to be used to regain the right to possess a firearm by a person convicted of a misdemeanor crime of domestic violence. (The introduced version of this bill was prepared by the criminal law and sentencing policy study committee.)

#### DIGEST OF HB 1162 (Updated March 4, 2014 2:18 pm - DI 84)

Certificates of need for utilities. Requires the utility regulatory commission to make additional findings before granting a certificate of public convenience and necessity to an applicant that proposes to construct a facility with a generating capacity of more than 80 megawatts.

#### DIGEST OF HB 1170 (Updated March 4, 2014 2:21 pm - DI 84)

Regional district trustees. Provides that, with respect to a regional water, sewage, or solid waste district in which a majority of ratepayers and property owners are not individuals, only an individual who is registered to vote at an address located in the district may be appointed as a trustee of the district.

DIGEST OF HB 1171 (Updated March 4, 2014 2:03 pm - DI 84)

Recorder's records perpetuation fund. Provides that a county recorder may use the county recorder's records perpetuation fund for all or a portion of the expenses of the recorder's office under specified conditions, including approval by the county fiscal body.

DIGEST OF HB 1178 (Updated February 18, 2014 2:03 pm - DI 84)

Restricted addresses of judges. Adds an individual who is employed or was formerly employed as a judge of a federal court to the definition of "judge" for purposes of restricted access to certain addresses

DIGEST OF HB 1180 (Updated March 5, 2014 5:21 pm - DI 84)

Various commercial vehicle matters. Makes various changes concerning the administration of the tax credit for natural gas powered vehicles. Excludes natural gas products from the definition of alternative fuel. Excludes alternative fuels from the definition of special fuel. Specifies that propane and butane are alternative fuels. Establishes an alternative fuel decal system. Provides that the road tax credit for motor carriers consuming compressed natural gas must be claimed on a quarterly basis. Makes numerous changes to the registration requirements for owners of commercial vehicles who register at least 25 vehicles that all have declared gross vehicle weights exceeding 26,000 pounds. Provides that the operator of a motor vehicle using compressed gas as a motor fuel is subject to the same nighttime operating requirements outside the corporate limits of a municipality as other vehicles and is permitted to carry flares or red-burning fuses.

DIGEST OF HB 1181 (Updated March 10, 2014 5:04 pm - DI 84)

Career and technical education centers. Provides that a school corporation career and technical education center may receive a grant from the Indiana safe schools fund. Provides that a school corporation career and technical education center may apply for a matching grant from the Indiana secured school fund. Provides that a school corporation career and technical education center may receive an advance from the common school fund. Specifies that each member school corporation is considered to receive a proportionate share of the advance and is responsible for its proportionate share of the repayment based on the number of pupils the school corporation has attending the career and technical education center in the school year when the advance is made. Allows a school corporation career and technical education center to receive an advance even if

the school corporation has an outstanding advance. Specifies, for purposes of the law relating to controlled project financing, that the project cost is not the total project cost but is to be allocated among the member school corporations based on pupils.

### DIGEST OF HB 1183 (Updated March 5, 2014 2:17 pm - DI 84)

Recycling reporting, state goal, and study. Requires every recycler that recycles materials generated by two or more persons to report to the commissioner of the department of environmental management (commissioner) on the recycling activities conducted by the recycler. Allows a recycler the option of reporting annually or quarterly. Allows certain persons who are not subject to the reporting requirement, including those who recycle materials other than municipal waste, to report voluntarily. Requires the commissioner to post on the department's Internet web site a uniform recycling activity report form to be used in making the recycling activity reports. Requires the commissioner to submit an annual written report summarizing the information obtained through the recycling activity reports submitted to the commissioner. Establishes a state goal of recycling at least 50% of all municipal waste. Urges the legislative council to assign to the appropriate study committee, for the 2014 interim period, the task of producing a written report setting forth the committee's analysis of a number of recycling-related subjects.

## DIGEST OF HB 1187 (Updated March 13, 2014 11:13 am - DI 103)

Municipal utility service. Provides that a municipal utility's offering or providing of water or wastewater service in an area outside the corporate boundaries of the utility's municipality is under the jurisdiction of the Indiana utility regulatory commission (IURC) under certain circumstances. Establishes criteria that the IURC must consider in resolving service disputes involving municipal utilities. Provides that the IURC may recover from a municipal utility costs associated with an investigation concerning utility service outside the corporate boundaries of the municipality.

#### DIGEST OF HB 1190 (Updated March 4, 2014 2:07 pm - DI 84)

Treatment of miscarried remains. Provides that, beginning October 1, 2014, the parent or parents of a fetus miscarried in a health care facility may determine the final disposition of the remains of the miscarried fetus. Requires a health care facility to provide certain information to the parent or parents of a miscarried fetus.

#### DIGEST OF HB 1196 (Updated March 13, 2014 11:54 am - DI 75)

Construction managers as constructors. Authorizes public agencies to employ construction managers as constructors for certain construction projects. Provides that state educational institutions may use the process for public works projects that begin after June 30, 2014. Provides that public agencies other than a state educational institution may use the process for

public works projects that begin after June 30, 2017. Provides that the statute expires July 1, 2020.

## DIGEST OF HB 1198 (Updated March 4, 2014 2:09 pm - DI 84)

Business single point of contact with state. Specifies that state agencies, including the department of workforce development and the department of state revenue, shall provide assistance at no cost to the secretary of state in developing and maintaining a one stop Internet web site for businesses to use. Requires the department of state revenue and the department of workforce development to coordinate with the secretary of state to use an Internet web site to share information with other state agencies and to provide a single point of contact for a person to accomplish various requirements to transact business in the state.

## DIGEST OF HB 1199 (Updated March 4, 2014 2:59 pm - DI 84)

Release of feral cats. Provides that the prohibition against permitting domestic animals to run at large in a mobile home community does not apply to feral cats that are caught and released as part of a spay and neuter program designed to reduce the number of feral cats in the area.

#### DIGEST OF HB 1204 (Updated March 13, 2014 11:38 am - DI 116)

Various education and school matters. Provides that if the parent, guardian, or court appointed special guardian of a child enrolled in a school requests a health care provider to disclose certain mental health information to the child's school, the health care provider shall provide the child's school the information. Prescribes the manner in which the information must be released and requires a principal or school leader to sign a confidentiality agreement concerning the release of the information. Prohibits a superintendent or school leader from excusing or excluding a student who was found to be mentally or physically unfit for school attendance if a physician, psychologist, or psychiatrist certifies that the student is fit for school attendance. Provides that the witness fee for an employee of a school district is \$100. Provides civil immunity for a school, school employee, or school board for civil damages that are the result of: (1) an injury to a child or family members of a child if the injury is the result of a student's mental health issue that has not been disclosed to the school by the student's parent or guardian; or (2) referrals the school made or services the school offered concerning evaluations or treatment of the student's health.

#### DIGEST OF HB 1206 (Updated March 13, 2014 8:36 pm - DI 97)

Insurance matters. Removes a requirement for certain insurers to submit individual investments to the commissioner of insurance. Requires a captive insurer doing business in Indiana to register with the insurance commissioner and pay a tax of \$2,500 per year. Removes a requirement that certain insurers submit in duplicate an application to do business in Indiana. Eliminates a provision requiring the outside of the envelope in which certain coverage notice is sent to policyholders to bear a certain statement. Changes, from March 15 to July 1 of each year, the due

date for certain insurance holding company filings. Adds a National Association of Insurance Commissioners provision requiring domestic insurers to perform and annually report concerning certain risk management assessments. Establishes requirements for department of insurance regulation of motor vehicle service contracts. Specifies that insurance producers are not liable for harm or injury in relation to electronic delivery or nondelivery of insurance notices or documents. Makes conforming amendments.

## DIGEST OF HB 1213 (Updated March 5, 2014 5:23 pm - DI 84)

Career and technical education; dual credit courses. Requires the Indiana career council to appoint a subcommittee that includes a member of each council and representatives of high school career and technical education programs, the department of education, community colleges, the commission for higher education, and industry to: (1) review the current Core 40 diploma course offerings; (2) make recommendations to the state board of education concerning changing course requirements, including the total number of academic credits required, changing the types of diplomas offered, and the need for a career and technical education diploma; and (3) examine and make recommendations concerning career and technical education offerings. Makes changes to the provision regarding the number of dual credit or advanced placement courses that must be provided by a high school. Provides that a student who is enrolled in a dual credit course must achieve at least a 2.0 on a 4.0 unweighted grading scale to enroll in subsequent related dual credit course work in the same subject area.

### DIGEST OF HB 1215 (Updated February 25, 2014 4:55 pm - DI 84)

Historic preservation. Requires the commission on state tax and financing policy to compare the effectiveness of tax credits to the effectiveness of grant programs in encouraging the preservation and commercial redevelopment of historic properties.

#### DIGEST OF HB 1216 (Updated March 13, 2014 11:55 am - DI 75)

Zoning commitments and annexation. Allows a municipal legislative body that annexes real property subject to a zoning commitment to modify, terminate, or enforce the commitment after the annexation takes effect. Provides that the legislative body of a unit may modify or terminate a commitment if the commitment is part of a rezoning proposal being considered by the legislative body. Provides that a decision of the legislative body regarding modification or termination of a zoning commitment is a legislative act and is not subject to judicial review.

#### DIGEST OF HB 1217 (Updated March 13, 2014 12:48 pm - DI 44)

Efficiency and transparency for DNR and IDEM permits. Requires the department of natural resources (DNR) and the department of environmental management (IDEM) to develop and implement a process to improve efficiency and transparency in programs for: (1) water quality certifications from IDEM under Section 401 of the federal Clean Water Act; (2) permits from

IDEM for wetland activity in a state regulated wetland; and (3) permits from the director of the DNR for a structure, obstruction, deposit, or excavation in a floodway. Requires DNR and IDEM to determine how to ensure that a person proposing to perform wetland work is informed of every state permit the person needs, to change application forms and processes to ensure that a person is not required to provide the same information separately to DNR and IDEM, to determine how either DNR or IDEM may serve as the single point of contact for applicants, to create an internal process to ensure that the appropriate office within DNR or IDEM receives and timely reviews each permit application, and to ensure that the processing of each permit application is monitored.

# DIGEST OF HB 1218 (Updated March 13, 2014 11:49 am - DI 104)

Drug treatment and reporting. Adds insulin to the definition of "legend drug". Provides that insulin may be sold for retail sale by a pharmacy only to an individual who possesses a prescription from certain practitioners. Changes standards for operation rules concerning prior authorization for a take home supply of opioid treatment medication from 14 days of medication to seven days and only if certain conditions are met. Requires the division of mental health and addiction (division) to report the number of prior authorizations approved for take home medication and certain other information. Requires the division to establish specified standards and protocols for opioid treatment programs. Requires an opioid treatment program to follow the standards and protocols adopted by the division for each opioid treatment program patient. Requires the dispenser at an opioid treatment program to transmit certain information to the division within specified time frames. Requires a provider to release certain information from a committed patient's mental health records upon request of a court. Requires that the board of pharmacy adopt a rule requiring a practitioner providing treatment for a patient at an opioid treatment program to check the Indiana scheduled prescription electronic collection and tracking (INSPECT) program in specified circumstances. Requires the Indiana professional licensing agency to study the impact of including all prescription drugs in the INSPECT program and sets forth requirements of the study. Requires the legislative council to assign an interim committee to study: (1) the security of the INSPECT program; and (2) whether opioid treatment programs should be prohibited from allowing patients to take home opioid treatment medication. (The introduced version of this bill was prepared by the commission on mental health and addiction.)

DIGEST OF HB 1219 (Updated March 4, 2014 3:12 pm - DI 84)

Farm products and vehicles. Amends the definitions of "farm product" and "farm vehicles" for purposes of the motor vehicle law. Makes conforming changes.

DIGEST OF HB 1222 (Updated March 4, 2014 2:10 pm - DI 84)

Adoption committee and tax credit. Provides an adjusted gross income tax credit for an individual who is eligible to claim the federal adoption credit. Establishes the interim committee on adoption to: (1) study how other states provide services under public adoption programs and

study legal and regulatory costs associated with foster care and private adoption; (2) make recommendations concerning improving adoption programs; and (3) report the committee's findings and recommendations.

### DIGEST OF HB 1224 (Updated March 4, 2014 3:22 pm - DI 84)

Title insurance. Requires the department of insurance (department) to create a title insurance consumer comparison tool (tool). Provides: (1) that the filed rates of all insurers that issue title insurance policies in Indiana will be included on the tool; (2) that the information on the tool shall be designed to allow an average consumer of ordinary intelligence to compare and differentiate between substantially similar title insurance rates offered by title insurers; (3) that the tool must be made available to the public free of charge on the department's Internet web site by September 1, 2014; and (4) that, after that date, when an insurer makes a new, approved filing, the department shall make the insurer's rates available on the tool not more than 10 business days after the insurer's application is stamped "filed" by the department.

## DIGEST OF HB 1234 (Updated March 13, 2014 9:56 pm - DI 92)

Property tax matters. Requires county treasurers to mail property tax statements at least 15 business days, instead of 15 calendar days, before the first payment is due. Provides that an employee of an assessor's office or an appraiser may not serve as a voting member of the property tax assessment board of appeals (PTABOA) in the county where the individual is employed. Allows a county fiscal body to waive certification requirements for certain members of the PTABOA appointed by the fiscal body. Provides that a school corporation with a majority of its property tax levies imposed in LaPorte County may, before September 1, 2014, transfer from the school corporation's debt service fund to the school corporation's rainy day fund a total amount equal to not more than 20% of the school corporation's 2014 certified debt service fund budget. Establishes assessor, appraiser, and tax representative standards of conduct. Establishes a certification appeal board to conduct appeals brought by assessors and employees of assessors whose certifications are revoked by the department of local government finance.

## DIGEST OF HB 1235 (Updated March 12, 2014 4:36 pm - DI 107)

Prize linked savings programs. Defines an "eligible depository financial institution" as a credit union that is organized or reorganized under Indiana law. Allows an eligible depository financial institution to offer and conduct a prize linked savings program that: (1) is associated with one or more qualified accounts or qualified financial programs offered by the eligible depository financial institution; and (2) offers eligible individuals one or more chances to win specified prizes. Specifies certain conditions that a prize linked savings program must meet. Provides that a prize linked savings program must allow an eligible individual to obtain an entry to win a prize only by doing either or both of the following: (1) Depositing a minimum specified amount in a qualified account. (2) Participating in one or more qualified financial programs. Provides that a prize linked savings program must be approved by: (1) the director of the department of financial

institutions (director); and (2) the eligible depository financial institution's board of directors; before it is offered or promoted to eligible individuals. Permits the director to: (1) adopt rules, policies, or guidance; and (2) exercise certain enforcement powers; with respect to the conduct of prize linked savings programs by eligible depository financial institutions. Specifies that Indiana Code provisions concerning charity gaming, promotional gifts and contests, and criminal gambling do not apply to a prize linked savings program that is offered or conducted by: (1) an eligible financial institution under the new provisions; or (2) a federal credit union if the prize linked savings program is conducted by the federal credit union in the same manner as a prize linked savings program under the new provisions.

## DIGEST OF HB 1237 (Updated March 12, 2014 3:09 pm - DI 103)

Bureau of motor vehicles fees. Amends and codifies various bureau of motor vehicle (BMV) fees and related distributions to conform to BMV practice following the settlement of fee related litigation. Amends various statutes governing the secretary of state's dealer services division to preserve existing authority to impose, collect, and distribute certain fees. Authorizes the BMV to modify a Purple Heart license plate for issuance to an individual who is eligible for both a Purple Heart license plate and a disability placard or license plate. Provides that the photograph on a license or permit must be a digital color photograph, with certain exceptions. Requires the secretary of state to adopt emergency rules concerning the elimination of dealer-wholesale license plates and wholesale dealer licenses. Voids BMV rules rendered obsolete by the codification of fees and distributions. Resolves conflicts among and between various enrolled acts.

# DIGEST OF HB 1242 (Updated March 12, 2014 4:29 pm - DI 84)

Employment discrimination against veterans. Provides that it is an unlawful employment practice (practice) for an employer to discriminate against a prospective employee on the basis of status as a veteran by: (1) refusing to employ an applicant for employment on the basis that the applicant is a veteran of the armed forces of the United States; or (2) refusing to employ an applicant for employment on the basis that the applicant is a member of the Indiana national guard or member of a reserve component. Requires the Indiana civil rights commission to enforce alleged violations of the practice. Requires the Indiana department of veterans' affairs to disseminate information necessary to inform veterans of the practice. Makes technical corrections.

#### DIGEST OF HB 1245 (Updated March 5, 2014 10:17 am - DI 84)

Various financial institutions matters. Makes various changes to the laws concerning: (1) financial institutions; (2) debt management companies; (3) pawnbrokers; (4) money transmitters; (5) check cashers; (6) persons licensed under the Uniform Consumer Credit Code; (7) first lien mortgage lenders; and (8) rental purchase agreements. Provides that a lessor that leases property under rental purchase agreements may, subject to certain conditions, offer for sale to members of the general public at the location where the lessor enters into rental purchase agreements: (1)

property and services that were or may be the subject of a rental purchase agreement; and (2) property or services that are unrelated or only partially or indirectly related to the lessor's rental purchase agreement business. Repeals a provision that provides that all debts: (1) owed to certain financial institutions; and (2) on which interest is past due for a period of six months; are bad debts unless, in the opinion of the department of financial institutions, the debts are well secured.

## DIGEST OF HB 1253 (Updated February 25, 2014 5:14 pm - DI 84)

Umbilical cord blood bank. Transfers the umbilical cord blood donation initiative from a nonprofit corporation established by the secretary of family and social services to the state department of health and changes the name from "umbilical cord blood donation initiative" to postnatal donation initiative. Eliminates the nonprofit corporation. Eliminates the duty of the nonprofit board to establish a public umbilical cord blood bank. Establishes the postnatal donation board to assist the state department of health. Provides civil immunity to persons who participate in the postnatal donation initiative. Repeals the provisions related to the conduct of the umbilical cord blood program through the office of the secretary of family and social services and its nonprofit corporation.

### DIGEST OF HB 1258 (Updated March 13, 2014 11:38 am - DI 104)

Telehealth pilot program. Requires the medical licensing board to: (1) before August 1, 2014, establish a pilot program to provide telehealth services to patients in Indiana; and (2) report to the general assembly concerning the outcomes of the pilot program. Sets forth requirements of the pilot program. Establishes time frames for the expiration of the pilot program, the latest of which is July 1, 2016.

## DIGEST OF HB 1266 (Updated March 13, 2014 11:33 am - DI 73)

Local government finance issues. Provides that public utility property tax returns shall be filed in the manner prescribed by the department of local government finance (DLGF). Allows a railroad car company to file its return by July 1 (rather than May 1). Authorizes a public utility company to file an amended return. Provides that the penalty assessed on a public utility company for filing a late return may not exceed \$1,000. Deletes from current law the authority of the DLGF to extend the due date for a public utility company to file a return with the DLGF. Provides that if the DLGF assesses the property of a public utility company because the public utility company does not file a return, the public utility company may file a return with the DLGF and the DLGF may amend its assessment. Provides that if, after an assessment date, an exempt property is transferred or its use is changed resulting in its ineligibility for an exemption, the county assessor shall terminate the exemption for that assessment date. Specifies that if the property remains eligible for an exemption following the transfer or change in use, the exemption shall be left in place for that assessment date. Provides that for the following assessment date, the person that obtained the exemption or the current owner of the property shall file an application with the county assessor. Requires applications for certain property tax deductions to be completed and

dated in the calendar year for which the taxpayer wishes to obtain the deduction and to be filed with the county auditor on or before January 5 of the immediately succeeding calendar year. Provides that a petition to correct an error must be filed within three years after the taxes were first due. Requires a political subdivision to submit to the DLGF information concerning the adoption of budgets and tax levies using the DLGF's computer gateway. Provides that publication requirements in current law continue in 2014 for 2015 budgets (along with the new requirements added in the bill concerning submission of budget and levy information to the DLGF's computer gateway). Requires the DLGF to make this information available to taxpayers through its computer gateway and provide a telephone number through which taxpayers may request copies of a political subdivision's information. Specifies that for taxes due and payable in 2015 and 2016, each county shall publish a notice stating the Internet address at which the budget information is available and the telephone number through which taxpayers may request copies of a political subdivision's budget information. Allows counties to seek reimbursement from the political subdivisions in the county for the cost of the notice. Provides that if a political subdivision timely submits the budget information to the DLGF's computer gateway but subsequently discovers the information contains a typographical error, the political subdivision may request permission from the DLGF to submit amended information. Specifies the conditions under which the DLGF shall increase a political subdivision's tax levy to an amount that exceeds the amount originally advertised or adopted by the political subdivision. Provides that if the DLGF increases a tax levy under this provision, the DLGF shall (unless the department finds extenuating circumstances) reduce the levy below the maximum allowable levy by the lesser of: (1) 5% of the difference between the advertised or adopted levy and the increased levy; or (2) \$100,000. Allows DeKalb County and the towns of Middlebury, Lewisville, and Mooreland to borrow money to offset levy reductions made by the DLGF because budget and property tax levy information were not properly advertised. Eliminates the provision added in 2013 that specifies that the exemption from the property tax levy limits for property taxes to pay debt does not apply to property taxes imposed by a township to repay money borrowed under the emergency loan provisions. Specifies that the balance maintained by the provider unit of a fire protection territory may not exceed 120% of the budgeted expenses of the territory. Deletes current law requiring certain specified reporting of other post employment benefits (OPEB) information, and adds a provision requiring a political subdivision to annually report information and data on its retiree benefits and expenditures.

## DIGEST OF HB 1268 (Updated March 4, 2014 2:12 pm - DI 84)

Probation and community corrections treatment. Requires community corrections programs to use evidence based services, programs, and practices that reduce the risk for recidivism. Permits the community corrections board to coordinate or operate certain programs. Establishes standards for the award of certain grants by the department of correction, and requires the department of correction to consult with the judicial conference and the division of mental health and addiction before awarding grants. Defines "mental health and addiction forensic treatment services", establishes eligibility and treatment criteria, and creates the mental health and addiction forensic treatment services account to fund mental health and addiction forensic treatment services.

Requires the judicial conference to consult with the department of correction and the division of mental health and addiction before awarding financial assistance, and requires any person providing mental health and substance use treatment services be certified by the division of mental health and addiction. Provides that the department of correction may provide financial assistance to community corrections programs from the mental health and addiction forensic treatment services account. Makes certain individuals participating in evidence-based mental health and addiction treatment programs eligible for TANF and SNAP benefits). (The introduced version of this bill was prepared by the criminal law and sentencing policy study committee.)

## DIGEST OF HB 1269 (Updated March 13, 2014 9:28 pm - DI 106)

Criminal matters. Specifies that a person who commits a crime before the effective date of HEA 1006-2013 or HEA 1006-2014 is to be sentenced in accordance with the law in effect at the time the crime was committed. Conforms provisions dealing with nonsuspendibility and community corrections to the nonsuspendibility provisions of HEA 1006-2013 and HEA 1006-2014. Defines "service provider" and "lawful supervision", and makes it sexual misconduct, a Level 5 felony, for a service provider to knowingly or intentionally engage in sexual intercourse or other sexual conduct with a person who is subject to lawful supervision. Makes it sexual misconduct, a Level 4 felony, for a service provider who is at least 18 years of age to knowingly or intentionally engage in sexual intercourse or other sexual conduct with a person who is: (1) less than 18 years of age; and (2) subject to lawful supervision.

### DIGEST OF HB 1276 (Updated February 24, 2014 3:04 pm - DI 84)

Barber licensing. Requires the state board of education to adopt rules and develop policies and administrative procedures concerning secondary level career and technical education programs for cosmetology, electrology, esthetics, barbering, and manicuring courses and classes. Allows the Indiana professional licensing agency to authorize beauty culture schools to offer postsecondary educational programs, courses, or classes in the areas of cosmetology, electrology, esthetics, barbering, and manicuring. Provides that a license issued or renewed by the state board of cosmetology and barber examiners for a barber, barber shop, or barber school must state in prominent type on the license that it is a "barber license", "barber shop license", or "barber school license".

# DIGEST OF HB 1279 (Updated March 6, 2014 2:31 pm - DI 84)

Various motor vehicle issues. Makes various changes to criminal law provisions in motor vehicle law. Modifies statutes concerning driver's license suspension and revocation. Modifies the duties of an operator of a motor vehicle if the operator is involved in certain accidents. Modifies the definition of "highway work zone". Repeals sections concerning "street cars". Repeals certain motor vehicle fraud provisions, and creates a new motor vehicle fraud statute. Creates specialized driving privileges. Requires the bureau of motor vehicles to adopt rules to specify reasonable grounds for suspension or revocation of driving privileges, driver's licenses, certificates of

registration, or license plates. Provides that a motor vehicle may be stopped to determine compliance with motor vehicle window tinting standards but may not be inspected, searched, or detained solely because of a violation of window tinting standards. Creates a habitual vehicular substance offender designation and establishes sentencing provisions for those offenders. Requires: (1) the state department of toxicology (department) to develop standards and testing for ignition interlock devices (devices); and (2) all devices used in Indiana after July 1, 2015 to be certified under rules adopted by the department. Requires a vendor or provider of devices to: (1) report to the court or court's designee certain occurrences concerning the use of devices; and (2) provide any reports or data requested by the department.

## DIGEST OF HB 1286 (Updated February 24, 2014 3:06 pm - DI 84)

Annual transportation reports. Requires the following entities to provide annual reports to the joint study committee on transportation and infrastructure assessment and solutions: (1) The Indiana department of transportation. (2) The bureau of motor vehicles. (3) The Indiana finance authority. (4) Purdue University.

## DIGEST OF HB 1290 (Updated March 6, 2014 2:33 pm - DI 84)

Health of student athletes. Adds athletic trainers to the definition of "health care provider" for purposes of laws concerning hospitals and public health measures. Requires the department of education to disseminate guidelines, information sheets, and forms to school corporations, charter schools, public schools, and accredited nonpublic schools to inform and educate coaches, student athletes, and parents and legal guardians of student athletes of the nature and risk of sudden cardiac arrest. Requires that a form acknowledging receipt of the information sheet must be returned to the student athlete's coach each year before beginning practice for an athletic activity. Requires that a student athlete who is suspected of experiencing a symptom of sudden cardiac arrest must be removed from the athletic activity at the time the symptom is identified. Provides that the student athlete may not return to practice and play until the student athlete's parent or legal guardian has been informed and the parent or legal guardian has provided permission for the student to return to practice and play. Requires the commission on higher education to disseminate guidelines, information sheets, and forms to a postsecondary educational institution's athletic department to inform and educate coaches and student athletes of the nature and risk of sudden cardiac arrest. Requires that a form acknowledging receipt of the information must be returned to the student athlete's coach each year before beginning practice for an athletic activity. Requires that a student athlete who is suspected of experiencing a symptom of sudden cardiac arrest must be removed from the athletic activity at the time the symptom is identified. Provides that the student athlete may not return to practice and play until the student athlete has received permission to return to practice and play from the team's or postsecondary educational institution's athletic trainer or physician. Requires an applicant for an athletic trainer license to submit to a national criminal history background check. Provides that the athletic trainers board may conduct a random audit and require an individual seeking a renewal of an athletic trainer license to submit to a national criminal history background check.

Requires that each school corporation and accredited nonpublic school shall include in the school corporation's or accredited nonpublic school's high school health education curriculum instruction in cardiopulmonary resuscitation and use of an automated external defibrillator for its students. Provides that a school administrator may waive the requirement that a student receive instruction if the student has a disability or is physically unable to perform the psychomotor skill component of the instruction. Provides that the department of education may grant schools a waiver of the psychomotor skill requirement.

## DIGEST OF HB 1300 (Updated March 4, 2014 2:14 pm - DI 84)

Dairy products. Provides that certain notices concerning animal health, animal products, milk products, and livestock brands may be sent by mail. (Current law requires any mailings to be by registered or certified mail.) Provides that a bulk milk hauler/sampler permit expires two years after the most recent inspection. Replaces the grader permit with an approved industry plant sampler at certain facilities that transfer raw milk. Specifies when certain milk samples must be collected. Provides that the creamery examining board (board) may refuse to issue or reissue a milk tester's license or milk sampler's license to a person who has had a prior suspension or revocation of either license by the board or by another state. Changes the protocols, procedures, and penalties that may be used to prevent drug residue violations. Removes the prohibition of serving certain milk products that have not been maintained at certain temperatures. Removes certain drainage requirements for iced milk products. Changes an organization that elects members to the creamery examining board. Establishes procedures to appoint members on the creamery examining board if the appointing organization is unable to elect a member. Allows the creamery license division to inspect records or collect data on the quantity of milk and cream in plants. Removes the requirement that all standard Babcock testing glassware must be inspected by Purdue University. Removes the temporary permit to test or sample and weigh either milk or cream. Makes a technical correction. Makes conforming changes.

#### DIGEST OF HB 1301 (Updated March 5, 2014 5:27 pm - DI 84)

Fire and building safety issues. Repeals the statute requiring the division of fire and building safety (division) to employ a state building law compliance officer. Creates the office of state building commissioner, who is appointed by the governor to serve: (1) at the pleasure of the governor; and (2) full time. Provides that the state building commissioner has the duties and responsibilities of the state building law compliance officer. Requires the state building commissioner to issue a written interpretation of a building law or fire safety law not later than 10 business days after the date of receiving a request. Provides that a design release may be issued without a plan review if: (1) the application for a design release is complete; and (2) the application for a design release is not selected for a plan review by the division. Establishes deadlines for the division to conduct plan reviews and provide notices. Provides that, with certain exceptions, if the division fails to provide notice or complete plan review within the time required by statute, a design release must be issued without further review. Provides that if a plan review reveals one or more state building or fire code violations determined by the division to

pose a substantial threat to the public health, safety, or welfare: (1) the division is required to notify: (A) the preparer of the plans; (B) the licensing agency of the preparer for possible disciplinary sanctions; and (C) the project owner or general contractor; and (2) the time limitations for plan review do not apply. Requires the division to maintain a single electronic file regarding each project for which a design release application is filed. Requires the fire prevention and building safety to establish objective criteria for certifying the competency of a city, town, or county (unit) to perform plan reviews. Provides that a townhouse is a Class 2 structure (instead of a Class 1 structure) for purposes of the state fire, building, and equipment laws. Provides that a plan review may be limited to the corrections required by the division. Allows for an administrative hearing to be conducted to determine if action is appropriate when the results of a plan review reveal that an engineer or architect knowingly or recklessly submitted plans or specifications that are determined to pose a wanton and willful disregard for the public health, safety, or welfare. Prohibits a political subdivision from adopting an ordinance or other requirement after February 28, 2013, that would require a builder or remodeler to be licensed, certified, permitted, registered, or listed by the political subdivision as a condition to the builder or remodeler constructing or remodeling a residential dwelling. Provides that a political subdivision is not prohibited from licensing, permitting, or registering specific trades or issuing permits and approvals that regulate the use, planning, and development of property. Establishes deadlines for local units to conduct local plan reviews and provide notices. Repeals a noncode provision that prohibits the regulation of builders and remodelers by political subdivisions. (This provision is currently set to expire July 1, 2015.)

## DIGEST OF HB 1303 (Updated March 5, 2014 5:31 pm - DI 84)

School bus safety. Provides that the driver of a special purpose bus or school bus (bus) at the time of the inspection shall be notified of an out-of-service order and a copy shall be made available on the Internet web site of the state police department. (Current law provides that a copy of the out-of-service order is to be forwarded to the governing body of the school corporation that controls the operation of the bus.) Requires the state school bus committee to adopt and enforce rules that require that each school bus placed into service for the first time bear in black letter on the back of the school bus: (1) an indication that the school bus is required to stop at all railroad crossings; and (2) the name of the school corporation. Provides that an individual who is or intends to become a school bus driver must obtain a physical examination certificate from an individual who is registered in the Federal Motor Carrier Safety

Administration's National Registry of Certified Medical Examiners. Provides that a school corporation shall determine how a certified medical examiner who is to conduct the physical examination is chosen and who must pay for the physical examination.

## DIGEST OF HB 1307 (Updated March 13, 2014 12:02 pm - DI 77)

Various natural resource matters. Defines "geo-referenced". Allows a professional surveyor to use a geo-referenced aerial photograph in order to prepare a description of a parcel. Provides that any natural resources commission rules concerning other means to describe classified lands may

not result in a real property description. Exempts from the boat excise tax a motorboat registered outside Indiana and docked on the Indiana part of Lake Michigan for a combined total of not more than 180 consecutive days. Amends certain definitions. Allows money in the counties with special boat patrol needs fund to be used to enforce laws pertaining to watercraft on boundary waters located in counties with special boat patrol needs. Creates the recreational trails maintenance fund. Allows the director of the department of natural resources (DNR) to adopt rules that would authorize the taking of a wild animal in a state park under certain circumstances. Makes certain changes to the program to contain and reduce invasive animal species in the Wabash River. Allows the director of DNR to consider certain factors when determining damages caused by a person releasing certain substances that kill wild animals. Changes procedures to settle a claim for damages that resulted in a kill to wild animals. Allows the department to issue lifetime licenses to hunt, fish, or trap. Allows the department of natural resources to issue a dog training ground permit. Allows the director of the DNR to issue a permit to take a wild animal to a person that owns or has an interest in property: (1) being damaged; (2) threatened with damage; or (3) on which a health or safety threat to persons or domestic animals is posed; by a wild animal. Allows for the permit to take a wild animal to be denied to a person, after an investigation of a complaint, if the complaint is unfounded or the applicant has not complied with certain requirements. Removes a provision requiring the boundaries of a shooting preserve to be defined by fences of at least one strand of wire. Provides penalties for a person who provides fishing or hunting guide services to take wild animals that are protected by law. Repeals the pest control compact. Provides for a project permit under the flood control act to be issued for two years for most projects and five years for the department of transportation, federally funded county highway projects, and power generation facilities. Allows for a project permit issued under the flood control act to be renewed one time for a period of two years. Provides that certain duties imposed on the Lake Michigan marina and shoreline development commission under current law are discretionary powers rather than duties. Provides that, instead of being required to report on its activities to the governor and the legislative council at least once every two years, the Lake Michigan marina and shoreline development commission may report to the governor and the legislative council. Exempts from the definition of the practice of surveying classified parcels developed according to certain natural resources commission rules. Makes conforming changes. Makes a technical correction. Urges the legislative council to require an appropriate study committee to study: (1) the development of a statewide policy for recreational trails and their maintenance; and (2) a method to distribute money deposited into the recreational trail maintenance fund

#### DIGEST OF HB 1318 (Updated March 13, 2014 8:39 pm - DI 97)

Various election law matters. Makes changes in election and related statutes concerning the following: (1) Modifications of voting systems. (2) Proof of voter identification. (3) Printing the name of deceased candidates on the ballot. (4) Use of voting systems by voters with disabilities. (5) Registration of military and overseas voters. (6) Receiving ballots from military and overseas voters. (7) Use of electronic mail for candidate filing confirmations. (8) Notice provisions on declarations of candidacy and other candidate documents. (9) School board candidates. (10)

Candidate statements of economic interests. (11) Certificates of nomination. (12) Recount procedures. (13) Schedules for conducting special elections. (14) Electronic poll books. (15) Vote centers. (16) When candidates for county and township assessors must meet certification requirements to hold office. Makes several technical changes.

## DIGEST OF HB 1319 (Updated March 13, 2014 9:15 pm - DI 116)

Education matters. Adds a school counselor to the definition of a teacher. Provides that a student's latest PSAT test results are included in the student's official high school transcript. Changes the date on which a school corporation's annual performance report must be published from between January 15 and January 31 to between March 15 and March 31. Requires the department of education (department) to disaggregate from the ISTEP program test results the percentage of students in each school and each grade who are identified as high ability students by the school corporation who achieved a score in the highest performance level designated for the ISTEP program test. Requires the department to assign unique identifiers for students whose parents are active duty members of the armed forces. Requires the department to develop a format for school corporations to publish, as part of the school corporation's annual report, the percentage of students in each school and each grade who are identified as high ability students and also achieved a score in the highest performance level designated for the ISTEP test. Requests the legislative council to assign certain topics to interim study committees. Changes the date, from August 15 to 14 days before the first day a teacher is required to report for duty, after which a contract entered into between a school corporation and a teacher is void if at the time of signing the contract the teacher is bound by a previous contract, unless the teacher provides a 30 day written notice to the first employer or the first employer releases the teacher from the previous contract.

## DIGEST OF HB 1321 (Updated March 13, 2014 5:51 pm - DI 71)

Innovation network schools. Authorizes Indianapolis public schools to enter into an agreement with a school management team to establish innovation network schools in certain schools. Provides that certain schools may be reconstituted as innovation network schools.

#### DIGEST OF HB 1323 (Updated March 12, 2014 3:19 pm - DI 104)

Epinephrine in institutions of higher education. Allows a postsecondary educational institution to develop a policy for the emergency administration of an auto-injectable epinephrine to a student, faculty member, or staff member under certain circumstances. Sets forth requirements for the policy and for those employees who act as trained designees and administer the epinephrine. Requires the state department of health to set forth guidelines for the policies. Allows a health care provider to write a prescription for epinephrine for a postsecondary educational institution and allows a pharmacist to dispense the prescription. Requires storage of the epinephrine in a safe location. Provides for civil immunity for licensed campus medical professionals, trained designees, and certain healthcare providers in the administration of epinephrine in compliance

with the policy and guidelines.

## DIGEST OF HB 1332 (Updated February 17, 2014 4:05 pm - DI 84)

Office of small business and entrepreneurship. Codifies the law concerning the office of small business and entrepreneurship. Transfers the small business development center, the small business ombudsman, and the young entrepreneurs program from the Indiana economic development corporation to the office of small business and entrepreneurship by removing or repealing the appropriate provisions in the Indiana economic development corporation law and recodifying them in the law concerning the lieutenant governor. Extends the young entrepreneurs program by two years. Makes conforming changes. Repeals the following chapters that are substantively similar to other chapters of the Indiana Code: (1) The promotion of livestock shows. (2) The promotion of foreign markets for agricultural products. (3) The promotion of aquaculture. (4) The inspection of grain moisture testing equipment. Repeals the community promotion program. Transfers money from the livestock industry promotion and development fund to the fund created in a similar chapter. Transfers money from the livestock export facility administration fund and the community development fund to the state general fund. Makes an appropriation.

## DIGEST OF HB 1336 (Updated March 4, 2014 4:35 pm - DI 84)

EMS state medical director. Requires the executive director of the department of homeland security to appoint a state emergency medical services (EMS) medical director (EMS director) to oversee all medical aspects of the state EMS system. Sets forth qualifications and duties for the EMS medical director. Allows the emergency medical services commission to approve the appointment within 30 days.

#### DIGEST OF HB 1340 (Updated March 4, 2014 2:17 pm - DI 84)

Refunding bonds for school consolidation. Authorizes the Indiana bond bank to purchase obligations issued by a school corporation to refund debt incurred by a school corporation before that school corporation completed a consolidation or merger. Specifies that a school corporation may sell refunding bonds at a negotiated, private sale to the Indiana bond bank.

## DIGEST OF HB 1342 (Updated March 5, 2014 2:25 pm - DI 84)

Environmental fees and expenses. Provides that the hazardous waste disposal fee (which replaces the hazardous waste disposal tax), the fee on the disposal or incineration of solid waste, and the annual registration fee paid by owners of underground storage tanks shall be collected by the department of environmental management instead of the department of state revenue. Provides that 75% of the revenue from the hazardous waste disposal fee shall be deposited in the hazardous substance response fund and 25% shall be paid over to the county in which the hazardous waste is disposed of. Provides that: (1) 50% of the registration fees paid in connection

with underground petroleum storage tanks and deposited in the petroleum trust fund shall be used to pay for corrective actions that involve releases of regulated substances from underground storage tanks that are not eligible to receive funds from the underground petroleum storage tank excess liability trust; and (2) not more than 11% of the funds expended for the corrective actions may be used to pay for administrative and personnel expenses incurred in carrying out the corrective actions. Allows the commissioner of the department of environmental management, under certain circumstances, to authorize the modification of a restrictive covenant that the owner of a property contaminated with a hazardous substance has been required to execute and record. Provides for the administrative and personnel expenses incurred by the state in evaluating a proposed modification of a restrictive covenant to be paid from the hazardous substances response trust fund, and requires the environmental rules board to adopt rules providing for the recovery of those expenses by the state. Removes references to the solid waste management board, which was abolished on January 1, 2013.

## DIGEST OF HB 1343 (Updated March 4, 2014 4:36 pm - DI 84)

Motor driven cycles. Repeals obsolete provisions concerning an interim study of motorized bicycles. Defines "Class A motor driven cycle", "Class B motor driven cycle", and "motor driven cycle". Repeals the definitions of "motor scooter" and "motorized bicycle". Provides that the county motor vehicle excise surtax and the motor vehicle excise tax apply to motor driven cycles. Requires that motor driven cycles must be registered with the bureau of motor vehicles. Excludes motor driven cycles from titling requirements. Requires that a license plate must be displayed on a motor driven cycle. Provides that certain equipment requirements and traffic regulations apply to motor driven cycles. Requires an individual who operates a Class A motor driven cycle to hold a valid driver's license with a motorcycle endorsement or a motorcycle endorsement with a Class A motor driven cycle restriction and to provide proof of financial responsibility. Requires an individual who operates a Class B motor driven cycle to hold an unexpired identification card with a Class B motor driven cycle endorsement or a valid driver's license. Provides that a motor driven cycle may not be operated on an interstate highway. Provides that the operation of a Class B motor driven cycle may be a defense to certain motor vehicle offenses. Excludes motor driven cycles from: (1) the definition of "motorized cart" for purposes of certain natural resource laws; and (2) certain motor vehicle protection laws. Makes technical corrections. Reconciles a conflict with HEA 1006-2013 and other criminal law bills enacted in the 2013 legislative session.

## DIGEST OF HB 1346 (Updated March 12, 2014 5:49 pm - DI 102)

County government issues. Provides that in a county having a population of more than 300,000 but less than 400,000, a public question shall be held in the county at the 2014 general election on whether the executive and legislative structure of county government should be changed. Provides that if the public question is approved, the voters of the county shall not elect a board of county commissioners, but shall instead elect a single county executive to serve as the county executive and shall elect a county council that has the legislative and fiscal powers and duties of the county. Provides that in a county with a single county executive, the county council must

consist of nine members elected from single-member districts (instead of four members elected from single-member districts and three members elected at large). Provides that if the office of single county executive becomes vacant, the county council shall appoint an individual to serve as interim single county executive until the office is filled. Provides that in a county that has abolished the board of county commissioners and has elected a single county executive, the county council may adopt an ordinance to change the county government structure back to a structure that includes: (1) the election of a board of county commissioners (instead of a single county executive); and (2) a county council in which four members are elected from single-member districts and three members are elected at large (instead of a county council in which all nine members are elected from single-member districts). Provides that if such an ordinance is adopted, a public question shall be held to determine whether the county government structure shall be changed back to a structure that includes the election of a board of county commissioners. Provides that in a county that has a single county executive, the drainage board consists of: (1) the single county executive; and (2) two or four persons (as determined by the single county executive) who are appointed by the single county executive.

## DIGEST OF HB 1347 (Updated March 13, 2014 8:56 pm - DI 69)

Court administrative matters. Requires that the clerk of the circuit court (clerk) or the county recorder (recorder) must be the secretary of the county commission of public records, as determined by: (1) mutual agreement of the clerk and the recorder; or (2) if a mutual agreement cannot be reached, an affirmative vote of the majority of the members of the commission. Allows the clerk to keep the lis pendens record, the execution docket, and the register of witness fees and court fees in electronic form if all information is available to the public to inspect or copy in the electronic form. Eliminates: (1) the requirement that the clerk attend court proceedings; and (2) the per diem paid the clerk or a deputy for attending court. Allows the clerk to retain an administrative fee of up to \$3 from any excess amount of fine, penalty, fee, or bail collected and refunded by the clerk. Requires the cost of: (1) an initial mailing of a document by certified or registered mail to be paid out of court costs and fees; and (2) any additional certified or registered mailings to be paid by the person requesting the additional mailings. Provides that a circuit court judgment docket must contain: (1) all civil judgments in which one party owes money to another party; and (2) any entry that is required by a statute. Provides that a judgment docket may not include: (1) judgments in which money is owed by a person to a state, a county, or another governmental entity as a result of a criminal conviction or a violation of an infraction or ordinance; or (2) except for cases in which the state obtains a judgment for unpaid taxes, judgments in which a governmental entity is the sole creditor. Allows a clerk of a circuit court to keep a judgment docket in: (1) an electronic format; (2) a paper format; or (3) both an electronic and a paper format. Provides that the judgment docket shall be made available for public inspection at the office of the clerk during regular office hours. Provides that, if the wages of a judgment debtor are being garnished: (1) a clerk is not required to notify the employer of the judgment debtor to suspend the garnishment after the judgment is satisfied; and (2) a request to suspend the garnishment must be submitted by the judgment debtor to the court that rendered the judgment. Makes changes to the maximum part of the aggregate disposable earnings of an

individual for any workweek that is subjected to garnishment to enforce the payment of any judgments against the individual. If a judgment debtor has failed to comply with an agreed order in the action, requires a court to order: (1) any property, income, or profits of a judgment debtor not exempt from execution or process or any debt due to the judgment debtor to be applied to the satisfaction of the judgment and forbid transfers of property and choses in action; and (2) that the judgment or execution is a continuing lien upon the income or profits of the judgment debtor in the hands either of the judgment debtor or any other person from the date the order is served upon the person indebted to the judgment debtor to the extent that the lien, together with all similar liens, is allowed by law. Provides that: (1) if a court has issued a garnishment order to a third party (such as an employer) that provides income to a judgment debtor; (2) the garnishment order no longer applies to the third party due to a change in circumstances, including a change in employment; and (3) the judgment creditor files a petition describing the changed circumstances and providing contact information for a new third party who employs or otherwise provides income for a judgment debtor; the court may, without holding a hearing, cancel the first garnishment order and issue a new garnishment order to the new third party. Urges the legislative council to assign the topic of small claims court administration to an interim study committee.

DIGEST OF HB 1350 (Updated February 17, 2014 4:06 pm - DI 84)

Agricultural seed testing. Prohibits a person from distributing agricultural or vegetable seed if the test to determine the percentage of germination has not been completed within the 12 month period before distribution. (Current law requires the test to be performed within nine months of distribution.)

DIGEST OF HB 1358 (Updated March 13, 2014 9:18 pm - DI 77)

Extends the office of minority health until July 1, 2017. Repeals the law concerning the health care facility advisory council. Transfers certain duties of the council to the state department of health. Adds certain persons to qualify as representatives for physician order for treatment forms. Changes the amount of time from four years after birth to twelve months after birth that a birth certificate presented for filing is considered a delayed certificate of birth. Requires a diagnosis of autism spectrum disorder at any age to be reported to the birth problems registry. (Current law provides for the reporting of an autism diagnosis made before a child's fifth birthday). Allows not more than 50% of the monies in the spinal cord and brain injury fund to be used to develop a statewide trauma system. Requires the state department of health to: (1) adopt rules concerning the regulation of facilities for treatment of traumatic brain injuries; and (2) make recommendations to the legislative council and health finance commission concerning food handling law changes. Makes conforming changes.

DIGEST OF HB 1360 (Updated March 5, 2014 5:33 pm - DI 84)

Addiction treatment and services. Changes the name of the mental health services development programs board to the mental health and addiction services development programs board (board).

Adds three members to the board. Removes requirement for a unanimous vote by certain members to take action on the development program or training track program. Requires the board to meet at least quarterly each year. (Currently the board must meet at least twice a year.) Amends the purposes of the board. Adds the following persons as eligible for the loan forgiveness program: (1) psychiatrists pursuing fellowship training and certification in addiction psychiatry; (2) addiction counselors; and (3) mental health professionals. Allows recipients to work in state funded addiction treatment centers. Changes the names of the accounts that fund the loan forgiveness and development programs. Provides that certain psychiatrists may receive loan forgiveness grants for not more than five years. Requires the board to give consideration to annually funding two psychiatrists pursuing fellowship training and certification in addiction psychiatry. Requires the division of mental health and addiction to provide administrative support for the board and the integrated behavioral health and addiction treatment development program account. (The introduced version of this bill was prepared by the commission on mental health and addiction.)

# DIGEST OF HB 1361 (Updated March 12, 2014 6:27 pm - DI 58)

Public works projects. Amends the public works statute applicable to state universities so that contracts for small projects of a state university can be performed under a quotation procedure rather than a bid procedure. Increases dollar thresholds for state educational institution capital projects. Provides that the commission for higher education may authorize Ball State University to pay project costs for the construction and renovation of health and basic sciences facilities, including Cooper Science, and that these costs may be reimbursed by the state, if the project is recommended by the commission for higher education to the general assembly. Modifies the per campus limits on the amount of outstanding bonds that a state educational institution may issue for qualified energy savings contracts. Provides that a project that causes a state educational institution, other than Ivy Tech Community College, to have outstanding debt for projects of more than \$15 million must produce operating savings in the first ten years that are at least equal to the initial debt for the project. Removes the separate limit on the amount of outstanding bonds that Ivy Tech Community College may issue for qualified energy savings contracts. Specifies that refunding bonds supported by fee replacement appropriations must be approved by the budget agency and must result in a savings as set forth in a finding by the board of trustees of the state educational institution. Specifies that refunding bonds may not have a longer term than the outstanding bonds to be refunded.

#### DIGEST OF HB 1370 (Updated March 4, 2014 5:12 pm - DI 84)

Eliminates obsolete provisions. Removes obsolete provisions from the Indiana Code. Removes provisions that required one-time studies that have already been conducted. Eliminates a provision applying only to organizations of veterans of the Spanish American War. Strikes language that prohibited certain rules from requiring the reporting of certain information before January 1, 2004.

#### DIGEST OF HB 1378 (Updated March 5, 2014 2:23 pm - DI 84)

Familial DNA searches. Requires the state police department to make a report to the criminal law and sentencing policy study committee, or another study committee as determined by the legislative council, concerning familial DNA searches in criminal investigations.

# DIGEST OF HB 1380 (Updated March 13, 2014 10:36 pm - DI 92)

State and local tax matters. Provides that certain calculations concerning the capture of state revenue in a motorsports investment district are based on calendar years rather than state fiscal years. Requires the Indiana motorsports commission to establish a motorsports facility fund if a motorsports investment district is established. Provides that during the term of the written agreement the commission shall each state fiscal year deposit in the motorsports facility fund at least \$2,000,000 solely from payments by the motorsports facility owners. Provides that the motorsports facility fund reverts to the state general fund on June 30 of each year. Requires the commission to request an appropriation in each state fiscal year that the written agreement is in effect equal to the amount deposited into the motorsports facility fund. Provides that the amount of the appropriation must be deposited into the motorsports investment district fund. Requires the department of state revenue to annually notify entities of the incremental tax amounts and the reversion amount from the motorsports facility fund. Provides that an entity is not considered to have Indiana income for purposes of the state income tax merely because of certain logistics activities concerning the distribution of legend drugs, medical devices, or medical supplies that are conducted in Indiana by a third party logistics provider. Repeals the following income tax credits: (1) Prison investment credit. (2) Riverboat building credit. (3) Blended biodiesel credit. (4) Ethanol production credit. (5) Voluntary remediation tax credit. (6) Energy savings tax credit. (7) New employer tax credit. Allows a taxpayer whose qualified investment to build or refurbish a riverboat is certified by the Indiana economic development corporation before January 1, 2015, to claim a tax credit in the year that the qualified investment is made as if the riverboat building tax credit had not been repealed. Provides a credit against county economic development income taxes for taxes paid to local governments outside Indiana. Removes a reference to propane and butane in the special fuel tax law in conformance with HEA 1180-2014. Allows the department of state revenue to deny or suspend certain oversize and overweight vehicle permits if the applicant or permit holder is delinquent in paying escort fees to the state police department. Provides that all Indiana adjusted gross income tax return and financial institutions tax return due date extensions are treated the same as an extension granted because of a federal income tax due date extension. Requires the annual budget of the Lake County convention and visitor bureau to be published on the department of local government finance's gateway Internet web site. Extends the current Vanderburgh County innkeeper's tax revenue distributions through December 31, 2019. Specifies that aviation manufacturing, aviation assembly, and aviation research and development facilities are aviation related property or facilities for purposes of the airport law. Specifies the amount that shall be collected by the department of state revenue for registrations of vehicles in a commercial fleet, if the department adopts rules to implement staggered registration. Increases the maximum property tax levy for Washington Township in Hamilton County in 2015.

Requires the office of the secretary of family and social services to study and report on the benefits provided to individuals whose income does not exceed 200% of the federal income poverty level. Urges the legislative council to study issues related to holding the proceeds of the sale of a major county asset in trust.

## DIGEST OF HB 1384 (Updated March 4, 2014 5:32 pm - DI 84)

Downloading of cellular telephone information by police. Prohibits a police officer from extracting or otherwise downloading information from a telecommunications device without the owner's consent for a violation of the law concerning typing, transmitting, or reading a text message while operating a motor vehicle unless: (1) the police officer has probable cause to believe that the telecommunications device has been used in the commission of a crime; (2) the information is extracted or otherwise downloaded under a valid search warrant; or (3) otherwise authorized by law. Provides that if a law enforcement officer detains a person because the law enforcement officer believes the person has committed an infraction or ordinance violation, the law enforcement officer may not, without the person's consent, extract or otherwise download information from a cellular telephone or another wireless or cellular communications device possessed by the person at the time the person is detained unless: (1) the law enforcement officer has probable cause to believe that the cellular telephone or other wireless or cellular communications device has been used in the commission of a crime; (2) the information is extracted or otherwise downloaded under a valid search warrant; or (3) otherwise authorized by law.

#### DIGEST OF HB 1385 (Updated March 6, 2014 10:25 am - DI 84)

Self-service storage facilities. Allows the owner of a self-storage facility to send a notice of default by verified mail or electronic mail. Provides that if: (1) the renter's stored property is a motor vehicle or watercraft; and (2) the renter does not pay an amount in default within 30 days after the owner's notice of the default; as an alternative to conducting a sale of the property, the owner may cause the renter's property to be towed or removed from the facility. Provides that in conducting a sale to enforce a lien under the statute, the owner, as an alternative to advertising the sale by publication in a newspaper, may advertise the sale in another commercially reasonable manner that is likely to attract at least three independent bidders to the sale. Provides that a sale to enforce a lien under the statute may be conducted through a publicly accessible Internet web site. Provides that: (1) a rental agreement may specify a limit on the value of personal property that may be stored in a rented space; and (2) if a rental agreement specifies such a limit, the limit specified is considered the maximum value of the renter's stored property.

## DIGEST OF HB 1388 (Updated March 13, 2014 8:46 pm - DI 71)

Teacher preparation programs. Makes changes to the information a teacher preparation program must annually submit to the department of education (department). Requires certain additional information to be included on the department's Internet web site. Specifies that the department,

the commission for higher education, the Independent Colleges of Indiana, Inc., and teacher preparation programs must establish a matrix rating system for teacher preparation programs. Provides that a transition to teaching program participant may obtain a license to teach in prekindergarten if the participant meets certain requirements. Requires principals and teachers to complete surveys concerning beginning teacher preparation.

## DIGEST OF HB 1391 (Updated March 13, 2014 9:25 pm - DI 104)

Community living pilot program. Beginning January 1, 2015, establishes the community living pilot program (program) until June 30, 2017. Sets forth eligibility requirements to participate in the program. Requires the division of aging (division) to administer the program, establish a cost participation schedule, and establish certain standards for the program. Requires reporting of program data and outcome measures concerning the program to various entities on specified dates. Allows the division to audit and penalize an area agency on aging for any violations. Repeals a provision establishing a pilot program for certain Medicaid populations and participation in a risk-based managed care program. Requires the office of the secretary of family and social services to provide the following reports: (1) A report to the general assembly concerning long term care. (3) A report to the budget committee and the general assembly concerning any risk-based managed care program for specified Medicaid recipients.

# DIGEST OF HB 1403 (Updated March 11, 2014 2:40 pm - DI 84)

Regulation of residential rental property. Provides that the owner of a rental unit assessed any fee by a political subdivision pertaining to the rental unit may: (1) notify the tenants of the rental unit of the assessment of the fee; and (2) require the tenants of the rental unit to reimburse the owner for the payment of the fee. (Current law refers to "inspection, registration, or other fee".) Requires fees regarding rental units and rental communities to be deposited in a dedicated fund to for reimbursement of costs actually incurred by the political subdivision relating to the imposition and amount of the fee. Restricts the circumstances and conditions in which a political subdivision may require a rental unit's owner or landlord to obtain a permit. Allows an owner of a rental unit to obtain an exemption from a political subdivision's inspection and inspection fee requirements if the rental unit satisfies certain requirements. Allows a political subdivision to impose a penalty for an act constituting a nuisance or ordinance violation. Allows a successful county, city, or town or a successful defendant to recover attorney's fees incurred in a nuisance action. Provides that a political subdivision may assess an annual registration fee. Repeals superseded statutes relating to local regulation of residential landlord and tenant relations.

## DIGEST OF HB 1423 (Updated March 5, 2014 5:35 pm - DI 84)

Provides that a customer of an electricity supplier that has a maximum demand of at least five megawatts is eligible to apply for a temporary discount to the customer's rates and charges for electricity. (Current law requires a maximum demand of at least 10 megawatts.) Authorizes a

prospective customer of an electricity supplier to apply for a temporary discount to the prospective customer's rates and charges for electricity. Allows the owner of a private generation project to sell excess electric output generated by the project to an electric utility. Provides that the electric utility may recover the purchase price through a fuel adjustment charge. Requires an electric utility to provide, upon request, back up, maintenance, and supplementary power to a private generation project.

## DIGEST OF HJR 3 (Updated February 17, 2014 3:58 pm - DI 84)

Marriage. Provides that only marriage between one man and one woman shall be valid or recognized as a marriage in Indiana. This proposed amendment has not been agreed to by the previous general assembly.

## DIGEST OF SB 1 (Updated March 13, 2014 6:59 pm - DI 73)

State and local taxation. Specifies that the county income tax council of a county may adopt an ordinance providing that if for a particular assessment date the acquisition cost of a taxpayer's business personal property in a county is less than \$20,000: (1) the taxpayer is not required to file a personal property return for the taxpayer's business personal property in the county for that assessment date; and (2) the taxpayer's business personal property in the county for that assessment date is exempt from taxation. Specifies that such an exemption ordinance may apply to assessment dates after December 31, 2015. Specifies that this exemption does not apply to mobile homes assessed as personal property, personal property held as an investment, or personal property that is owned by certain utilities subject to regulation by the utility regulatory commission and is assessed as utility property. Requires the taxpayer to file a certification with the county assessor before May 15 of the year in which the assessment date occurs, and imposes a penalty if the annual certification is not timely filed. Provides that the tax rate for certain tax increment financing areas shall be calculated as if this exemption were not in effect. Provides that a county income tax council may adopt an ordinance to exempt from property taxation any new business personal property that is located in the county. Specifies that this exemption does not apply to mobile homes assessed as personal property, personal property held as an investment, or personal property that is owned by certain utilities subject to regulation by the utility regulatory commission and is assessed as utility property. Provides that a designating body may establish an enhanced abatement schedule for personal property that may not exceed 20 years. Provides that if a county or municipality receives a reimbursement, repayment, or penalty from a taxpayer on account of the taxpayer's failure to comply with the statement of benefits provided by the taxpayer as part of a property tax abatement or on account of the taxpayer's failure to comply with any other requirement to receive a property tax abatement, the county or municipal fiscal officer shall distribute the amount of the reimbursement, repayment, or penalty on a pro rata basis to each taxing unit that contains the property that was subject to the abatement deduction. Phases down the corporate income tax rate from 6.5% in 2015 to 4.9% after June 30, 2021. Phases down the financial institutions tax rate to 4.9% in calendar year 2023. Provides that a retail merchant engaged in selling bulk propane at retail in Indiana shall claim a credit before

June 30, 2014, equal to the sales tax paid by the retail merchant's customers after December 31, 2013, and before April 1, 2014, on that part of the price of bulk propane that exceeded \$2.50 per gallon. Requires such a retail merchant to provide a credit to customers of the retail merchant on their next purchase of bulk propane occurring after the retail merchant claims the credit. Specifies that retail merchants are entitled to a collection allowance for administering the credits provided to customers. Establishes the commission on business personal property and business taxation to study certain issues during 2014.

## DIGEST OF SB 3 (Updated February 25, 2014 2:30 pm - DI 84)

Judicial officers. Makes battery: (1) a Level 6 felony instead of a Class B misdemeanor if the offense is committed against certain judicial officers while the judicial officers are engaged in the judicial officers' official duties; and (2) a Level 5 felony instead of a Class B misdemeanor if the offense results in bodily injury to certain judicial officers while the judicial officers are engaged in the judicial officers' official duties or the person who committed the offense placed certain infected bodily fluids or wastes on certain judicial officers. Provides that certain judicial officers: (1) may possess and use a firearm in the same locations that a law enforcement officer who is authorized to carry a firearm may possess a firearm while the law enforcement officer is engaged in the execution of the law enforcement officer's official duties; and (2) may not be prohibited from possessing a firearm on land or in buildings and other structures owned or leased by the state or any agency of state government or a political subdivision. Specifies that a judicial officer who possesses and uses a firearm has the same civil and criminal immunities and defenses that a law enforcement officer has when the law enforcement officer: (1) possesses and uses a firearm; and (2) is engaged in the execution of the law enforcement officer's official duties.

#### DIGEST OF SB 4 (Updated March 13, 2014 10:13 am - DI 109)

Natural resources matters. Allows the manager of a public use airport, or the manager's designee, to chase or take at any time, without a hunting license, a white-tailed deer, coyote, wild turkey, or migratory bird that poses a threat to aircraft within the airport operations area. Requires a manager of a public use airport, or the manager's designee, to report annually to the department of natural resources certain information concerning the animals killed on the airport's property. Requires a manager of a public use airport, or the manager's designee, to obtain a permit to chase or take a wild animal if the manager or the manager's designee does not comply with the reporting requirement.

#### DIGEST OF SB 19 (Updated February 17, 2014 2:40 pm - DI 84)

Access to juvenile court records. Provides that the law making all records of a juvenile court confidential does not apply to records involving proceedings that pertain to: (1) paternity issues; (2) custody issues; (3) parenting time issues; or (4) child support issues; concerning a child born to parents who are not married to each other. Provides that the law that specifies which persons may have access to juvenile court records without a court order does not apply to records

involving proceedings that pertain to: (1) paternity issues; (2) custody issues; (3) parenting time issues; or (4) child support issues; concerning a child born to parents who are not married to each other. (The introduced version of this bill was prepared by the commission on courts.)

DIGEST OF SB 24 (Updated February 17, 2014 2:41 pm - DI 84)

Technical corrections. Resolves: (1) technical conflicts between differing 2013 amendments to Indiana Code sections; and (2) other technical problems in the Indiana Code, including incorrect statutory references, nonstandard tabulation, and various grammatical problems. (The introduced version of this bill was prepared by the code revision commission.)

DIGEST OF SB 27 (Updated March 5, 2014 4:28 pm - DI 84)

Petitions for adoption. Prohibits granting an adoption while certain appeals are pending. Provides that the court in which a petition for adoption has been filed has exclusive jurisdiction over the child if there is a petition for adoption and a paternity action pending at the same time. (Current law provides exclusive jurisdiction when there is a petition for adoption and a petition for paternity pending.) Urges the legislative council to assign to an appropriate study committee the task of studying whether a father who has abandoned a birth mother during pregnancy should be required to consent to the adoption of the child. (The introduced version of this bill was prepared by the commission on courts.)

DIGEST OF SB 31 (Updated February 17, 2014 2:43 pm - DI 84)

Professions and occupations. Reorganization of certain licensing provisions. Provides for the reorganization of 12 Indiana Code sections containing frequently amended lists of professions and entities subject to professional licensing under IC 25-1. Makes no substantive change. Transfers the lists contained in each of these sections to corresponding chapters in a new IC 25 article. Sets forth the boilerplate language to be used when amending or adding a provision under the new structure. Updates affected internal references and cross-references. Removes obsolete references to entities not licensed by the professional licensing agency. Makes technical corrections. (The introduced version of this bill was prepared by the code revision commission.)

DIGEST OF SB 32 (Updated March 13, 2014 10:20 am - DI 75)

Public official bonding. Urges the legislative council to assign to an appropriate study committee the topic of the bonding of elected public officials.

DIGEST OF SB 36 (Updated February 24, 2014 1:44 pm - DI 84)

Probate, trust, and transfer on death matters. Provides that a petition or other document filed in court by a personal representative in an estate proceeding with a written consent to the petition or other document or a written waiver of notice of the proceedings in the estate is not required to

include a statement that the personal representative delivered a copy of the petition or other document to each person whose written consent or waiver of notice of proceedings was presented to the court, if the petition or other document contains a statement by the person whose signature appears on the consent or waiver: (1) identifying the petition or other document; and (2) affirming that the person has received a copy of the petition or other document and had a reasonable time to read and understand the petition or other document before signing the consent or waiver. Requires a party contesting the validity of a will to serve a copy of the complaint on the counsel for the personal representative. Provides that the court may not enter a default judgment for the contesting party unless proof of service on the counsel for the personal representative is made to the court. Specifies that the procedures for dispensing with the administration of small estates are available to distributees and persons acting on behalf of distributees rather than persons claiming to be entitled to payment from the decedent's estate. Provides for an enforcement action against a person who does not comply with a fiduciary's demand or instruction. Allows a court to award attorney's fees and costs in certain enforcement proceedings. Provides that payments on liens paid with respect to a probate distribution are charged to the beneficiaries of the distribution unless the will provides expressly or by necessary implication that the payment be charged against the residue of the estate. Provides that a general directive in a will to pay debts does not imply an intent that a devise of property subject to a lien be distributed free from the lien. Provides that if trust property subject to a lien is specifically distributable, the distributee shall take the property subject to the lien unless the terms of the trust provide expressly or by necessary implication that the lien be otherwise paid. Provides that payments on liens paid with respect to a trust distribution are charged to the beneficiaries of the distribution unless the trust provides expressly or by necessary implication that the payment be charged against the residue of the trust estate. Provides that a general directive in a trust to pay debts does not imply an intent that a distribution of property subject to a lien be distributed free from the lien. Makes changes to the uniform principal and income act (act). Provides that a personal representative is a fiduciary under the act if provided for: (1) by the will; or (2) by a law allowing the personal representative to account for and distribute income received during the estate administration separately from the corpus of the estate. Provides the following with regard to distributions to beneficiaries after an income interest in a trust ends: (1) Upon the death of the settlor of a revocable living trust, the settlor's trust interest becomes a terminating income interest and the property transferred upon the settlor's death becomes a part of the trust when the property is received by the trust. (2) A decedent's estate is not a terminating income interest. Provides that an asset becomes subject to a trust on the date the asset is distributed to the trust from the decedent's estate: (1) if the income received during the administration of the estate was accounted for and distributed by the estate as part of the corpus of the estate; and (2) unless the will or other applicable law provides that income received during the estate administration is accounted for and distributed by the estate as income and not as part of the corpus of the estate. Specifies that provisions that determine the period in which an income beneficiary is entitled or eligible to receive net income of a trust do not control how receipts and disbursements are allocated to or between principal and income during that period. Specifies that provisions regarding which income receipts and disbursements of a trust are to be taken into account in determining the net income of the trust for the period after the beginning and before the end of a beneficiary's income

interest do not control the initial classification of receipts and disbursements as between principal and income. Defines the following for purposes of the trust code: (1) "Trust instrument". (2) "Terms of a trust", "terms of the trust", or "terms of a charitable trust". Provides that unless the trust provides otherwise, a trustee has a duty to keep current income beneficiaries and, in the case of a trust that has become irrevocable, contingent income beneficiaries, reasonably informed by providing access to the trust's accounting and financial records upon written request. Provides that unless the trust provides otherwise, the trustee has a duty after the trust becomes irrevocable to provide income beneficiaries and remaindermen with a copy of the trust instrument upon written request. Provides that a trustee's power under certain circumstances to appoint all or part of the principal of a trust into a second trust is available when the trustee has discretion to invade the principal of the first trust to make distributions to or for the benefit of at least one person. (Current law grants the power of appointment to a trustee who has absolute power to invade the principal of the first trust to make such distributions.) Provides that the notice given to a person by a trustee that starts the period within which to contest the validity of a trust must state: (1) the person's interest in the trust, as described in the trust document; or (2) that the person has no interest in the trust. Provides that a delegation of authority by an attorney in fact survives even if the attorney in fact who delegated the authority fails or ceases to serve unless: (1) the delegation of authority by its terms terminates under these circumstances; (2) the delegation of authority is revoked; or (3) the power of attorney expires or becomes otherwise invalid or unenforceable. Specifies that a child of the principal who requests an accounting from an attorney in fact is entitled to delivery of the requested accounting. Specifies that the 60 day delivery deadline set forth in current law for requested accountings applies to court ordered accountings. Provides that in the case of a principal who has died: (1) the court may order an accounting at any time; and (2) the 60 day delivery deadline applies to a written request for an accounting that is submitted to the attorney in fact not later than nine months after the date of the principal's death. Defines the terms "fiduciary" and "fund" for purposes of a statute concerning powers granted to an attorney in fact with respect to fiduciary transactions of the principal. Provides that the powers granted to an attorney in fact apply: (1) to a fund existing at the time the power of attorney is executed; (2) to a fund created after the power of attorney is executed; and (3) whether or not the fund is located in Indiana. Requires, upon the death of an owner whose transfer on death deed has been recorded, that the beneficiary file an affidavit in the office of the recorder that includes the date of the owner's death (instead of a certified copy of the owner's death certificate). (The introduced version of this bill was prepared by the probate code study commission.)

## DIGEST OF SB 44 (Updated March 13, 2014 10:38 am - DI 104)

Electronic health data work group. Requires the state department of health and the office of the secretary of family and social services to establish a work group to study specified issues concerning electronic health data. (The introduced version of this bill was prepared by the health finance commission.)

#### DIGEST OF SB 50 (Updated March 6, 2014 2:52 pm - DI 84)

Minors and tanning devices. Prohibits a person less than 16 years of age from using a tanning device in a tanning facility. Repeals a provision requiring a person less than 16 years of age to be accompanied by a parent or guardian when using a tanning device in a tanning facility. Repeals the tanning facility committee. (The introduced version of this bill was prepared by the health finance commission.)

DIGEST OF SB 52 (Updated March 13, 2014 5:51 pm - DI 69)

Natural and cultural resources penalties. Amends penalties for violating certain statutes in IC 14 (natural and cultural resources). Amends certain boating requirements. Repeals a law prohibiting a boat from sounding a horn.

DIGEST OF SB 53 (Updated March 13, 2014 10:31 am - DI 101)

Municipal utilities. Provides that for purposes of the statutes governing municipal sewage works, the municipal legislative body may include in an ordinance adopted under the statutes one or more of the following provisions with respect to tenant-occupied property: (1) That sewer fees for the property are payable by the tenant. (2) That sewer fees for the property are payable by the tenant if the property owner or the tenant satisfies certain requirements or conditions that the municipal legislative body includes in the ordinance. (3) That sewer fees for the property do not constitute a lien against the property, subject to certain requirements or conditions set forth in the ordinance. Makes conforming amendments to provisions setting forth the manner in which municipal sewer liens attach and are enforced. Specifies that the authority to adopt these provisions concerning tenant-occupied property does not prohibit a municipality from including in an ordinance adopted under the statutes any other provision that the municipality considers appropriate. Specifies that the authority to adopt these provisions concerning tenant-occupied property does not apply to a conservancy district that provides sewage service. For purposes of the statutes governing municipal storm water works and municipal sewage works, amends provisions requiring notice of fee delinquencies to the owner of tenant-occupied property to provide that the notice of the delinquency must be sent to the owner: (1) regardless of whether the owner has provided an address to which the notice must be sent; and (2) at the last address of the owner as indicated in the records of the county auditor, or to another address specified by the owner in a written notice. Provides that the notice may be sent by first class mail or by certified mail (or another service equivalent to certified mail). (Current law requires that the notice be sent by certified mail or another equivalent service for delinquent sewer fees and does not specify the method of mailing a notice for delinquent storm water fees.) Provides that, in a situation in which a municipal utility is providing services to properties located outside the municipality under contracts that provide for the property owners to make payments in lieu of annexation, if the contracts expire, the municipal utility may not terminate services to the properties and, as a condition of continuing to receive services, the owners of the properties must continue paying the rate for the services provided for in the expired contracts, for two years or until: (1) the municipal utility and the owners of the properties enter into new contracts; (2) the area in which the properties are located is annexed into the municipality; or (3) the matter is submitted to arbitration. Specifies that, in an arbitration proceeding, the award made by the arbitrator must establish reasonable and just terms of a new contract between the municipal utility and the owners of the properties, considering all relevant factors, and that if either party fails or refuses to enter into a new contract according to the terms of the arbitration award, the other party may commence legal action to enforce the award.

DIGEST OF SB 56 (Updated February 24, 2014 2:04 pm - DI 84)

Medical malpractice patient's compensation fund. Requires claims for payment from the medical malpractice patient's compensation fund to be computed and paid every three months instead of every six months.

DIGEST OF SB 58 (Updated February 18, 2014 2:41 pm - DI 84)

Local appropriations for Memorial Day expenses. Removes an outdated list of veterans organizations from the statute authorizing counties, townships, cities, and towns to appropriate money to veterans organizations to defray the expenses of Memorial Day. Makes conforming changes. (The introduced version of this bill was prepared by the commission on military and veterans affairs.)

DIGEST OF SB 59 (Updated March 12, 2014 4:39 pm - DI 110)

Guardian matters. Allows a guardian, including a volunteer advocates for senior program or a volunteer advocates for incapacitated adults program, to request permission to file a petition for dissolution of marriage, legal separation, or annulment of marriage on behalf of an incapacitated person. Allows the court to grant a request for permission to file a petition for a dissolution of marriage, a legal separation, or an annulment on behalf of an incapacitated person only if the court determines by clear and convincing evidence that petitioning for a dissolution of marriage, a legal separation, or an annulment is in the best interests of the incapacitated person. Provides that the guardian may not delegate the power to request permission to file a petition for dissolution, separation, or annulment. Requires the guardian to: (1) be named in a petition for dissolution of marriage, legal separation, or annulment; and (2) file, with the petition, a copy of the court order granting the request for permission to file the petition. Permits a guardian to file a petition for dissolution of marriage, legal separation, or annulment on behalf of an incapacitated person in the guardian's county of residence. Allows a court to award, in certain enforcement proceedings, attorney's fees and costs to a guardian if the person indebted to the guardianship estate or holding property of the guardianship estate refused to respond within 30 business days after receiving the guardian's written demand or instruction. (Current law allows attorney's fees and costs if the person refused to respond within 10 days.) Allows a court to award attorney's fees and costs in certain enforcement proceedings against insurers.

#### DIGEST OF SB 60 (Updated February 27, 2014 4:27 pm - DI 84)

Representation of judges in mandate of funds litigation. Urges the legislative council to assign the topic of the representation of judges and payment of attorney's fees in judicial mandate actions to an interim study committee.

DIGEST OF SB 61 (Updated February 24, 2014 2:05 pm - DI 84)

Emergency medical services provider disability benefits. Authorizes a municipal corporation to provide programs of disability insurance (programs) to its emergency medical services providers who become disabled as the result of an injury or illness: (1) that is not covered by worker's compensation or occupational diseases compensation; or (2) for which worker's compensation or occupational diseases compensation has been exhausted. Provides that the elimination or waiting period before a benefit begins may not be greater than: (1) 30 days, for a short term disability program; or (2) 120 days, for a long term disability program. Allows a municipal corporation to provide the programs by purchasing policies of group insurance or establishing a self-insurance program. Requires the fiscal body of a municipal corporation to approve the establishment of a self-insurance program. Allows the programs to exclude part-time employees and individuals who provide services to the municipal corporation under a contract. (The introduced version of this bill was prepared by the pension management oversight commission.)

DIGEST OF SB 63 (Updated March 5, 2014 4:31 pm - DI 84)

Nonsupport of a child. Changes the penalty enhancement for nonsupport of a child from a Level 6 felony to a Level 5 felony if the person has a previous conviction for the offense. Changes the procedure for a court to lower the penalty for a person convicted of nonsupport of a child. (The introduced version of this bill was prepared by the criminal law and sentencing policy study committee.)

DIGEST OF SB 80 (Updated March 13, 2014 7:21 pm - DI 51)

Interim study committee structure. Establishes 17 interim study committees with authority to study legislative topics. Permits the legislative council to establish additional interim study committees. Provides for the appointment of chairs, vice-chairs, legislative members, and lay members of interim study committees. Specifies uniform policies to govern interim study committees. Permits the chair of a standing interim study committee to establish subcommittees. Eliminates various study and advisory committees. Eliminates obsolete provisions governing legislative evaluation and oversight. Reduces the number of members of the advisory council to the office of the utility consumer counselor and the political subdivision risk management commission to reflect the reduction of the number of congressional districts in Indiana from 10 to nine. Makes conforming amendments. Repeals laws that: (1) establish committees eliminated by this act; and (2) require quadrennial fiscal analysis of statutes regarding redevelopment areas and property tax deductions for redevelopment of real property in economic revitalization areas.

#### DIGEST OF SB 85 (Updated March 5, 2014 4:33 pm - DI 84)

School resource officers. Permits the secured school safety board to award a matching grant for school resource officer training. Requires a school resource officer to be: (1) employed by a law enforcement agency; (2) appointed as a police reserve officer or special deputy; or (3) employed as a school corporation police officer. Permits the Indiana law enforcement training board to approve school resource officer training programs.

## DIGEST OF SB 88 (Updated March 5, 2014 4:34 pm - DI 84)

Mental health witnesses in criminal cases. Provides that when notice of an insanity defense is filed in a case in which the defendant is not charged with a homicide offense, the court shall appoint two or three competent disinterested: (1) psychiatrists; (2) psychologists endorsed by the state psychology board as health service providers in psychology; or (3) physicians; who have expertise in determining insanity, at least one of whom must be a psychiatrist or psychologist. Provides that when notice of an insanity defense is filed in a case in which the defendant is charged with a homicide offense, the court shall appoint two or three competent disinterested: (1) psychiatrists; (2) psychologists endorsed by the state psychology board as health service providers in psychology; or (3) physicians; who have expertise in determining insanity, at least one of whom must be a psychologist.

# DIGEST OF SB 91 (Updated March 12, 2014 1:35 pm - DI 84)

Education standards. Adds a definition of "college and career readiness". Provides that before July 1, 2014, the state board of education (state board) shall adopt Indiana college and career readiness educational standards. Provides that during the 2015-2016 school year, the state board shall authorize the department to administer either the ISTEP assessment or a comparable assessment program that is aligned with the educational standards. Provides that before the state board may authorize a new assessment program, the state board shall submit the proposed assessment program to the budget committee for review. Makes technical and conforming amendments.

#### DIGEST OF SB 101 (Updated February 24, 2014 2:10 pm - DI 84)

Agricultural operations and trespass. Adds causing property damage to an agricultural operation to the existing crime of institutional criminal mischief. Increases the sentence enhancement monetary thresholds for criminal mischief and institutional criminal mischief. Provides that a person commits criminal trespass if, without the owner's permission, the person enters: (1) that portion of an agricultural operation that is used for production; or (2) any part of the real property of an agricultural operation and causes property damage.

#### DIGEST OF SB 106 (Updated March 13, 2014 10:25 am - DI 92)

Local government transparency. Requires the state board of finance to post a narrative description of all approved transfers of money, and the reason for each transfer, on the Indiana transparency Internet web site. Requires the department of local government finance (DLGF) to develop indicators of fiscal health for school corporations and other political subdivisions. Requires the DLGF to present information for evaluating the fiscal health of political subdivisions on the Indiana transparency Internet web site through conveniently and easily accessed dashboards. Prohibits the DLGF and other state agencies from using the fiscal health indicators to assign a school corporation or political subdivision a summative grade. Allows political subdivisions to request technical assistance from the distressed unit appeals board (DUAB) beginning in 2015. Requires the office of management and budget (OMB) to evaluate whether the DUAB requires additional powers and resources to provide technical assistance. Requires the OMB to also evaluate the organizational structure, board composition, and number of board members of the DUAB. Allows the OMB to recommend any legislation necessary to provide those additional powers and resources to the DUAB.

DIGEST OF SB 111 (Updated March 12, 2014 4:42 pm - DI 92)

Soil productivity factors. Provides that the soil productivity factors used for the March 1, 2011, assessment of agricultural land must be used for the March 1, 2014, assessment date. Specifies that new soil productivity factors shall be used for assessment dates occurring after March 1, 2014.

DIGEST OF SB 114 (Updated March 5, 2014 4:37 pm - DI 84)

Excused absences from school for state fair activities. Provides that the governing body of a school corporation or the chief administrative officer of a nonpublic school system shall authorize, for not more than five instructional days in a school year, the absence and excuse of each school student if the student or a member of the student's household participates or exhibits in the state fair.

DIGEST OF SB 117 (Updated February 24, 2014 2:32 pm - DI 84)

Lump sum payment of ASA contributions. Provides that contributions posted to a public employees' retirement fund (PERF) or teachers' retirement fund (TRF) member's annuity savings account (ASA) after the final date on which the PERF or TRF member's retirement benefit is processed may be distributed to the member as determined by the rules of the board of trustees (board) of the Indiana public retirement system. Removes a requirement that these contributions be paid as a lump sum. Requires the board to obtain the member's consent to the form of the distribution if the amount exceeds \$1,000.

DIGEST OF SB 118 (Updated March 13, 2014 5:01 pm - DI 84)

Redevelopment commissions and authorities. Provides that a redevelopment commission may not enter into any obligation payable from public funds without first obtaining the approval of the legislative or fiscal body of the unit that established the commission. Provides an exception if the obligation is for the acquisition of real property and the payments are for three years or less or the purchase price is less than \$5,000,000. Specifies that the approving ordinance or resolution must include certain items. Provides that a redevelopment commission and a department of redevelopment are subject to oversight by the legislative body of the unit, including review by the legislative body of annual budgets. Specifies that a redevelopment commission and a department of redevelopment are subject to the same laws, rules, and ordinances of a general nature that apply to all other commissions or departments of the unit. Specifies that a redevelopment commission, a department of redevelopment, and a redevelopment authority are subject to audit by the state board of accounts and covered by the public meetings and public records laws. Requires a redevelopment commission to provide to the legislative body of the unit at a public meeting all the information supporting the action the redevelopment commission proposes to take regarding the sale, transfer, or other disposition of property. Provides that if the amount of excess assessed value determined by the commission is expected to generate more than 200% of the amount of allocated tax proceeds necessary to carry out the commission's plan, a determination of the amount of the excess available to other taxing units by the commission must be approved by the legislative body of the unit. Permits the legislative body of the unit to modify the commission's determination with respect to the amount of excess assessed value. Requires the treasurer of a redevelopment commission outside Indianapolis and the secretary-treasurer of a redevelopment authority outside Indianapolis to report annually to the fiscal body of the unit that established the commission or authority. Provides that the Indianapolis controller is the fiscal officer of the redevelopment commission and redevelopment authority in Indianapolis. Authorizes the Indianapolis controller to obtain financial services on a contractual basis. Prohibits redevelopment commissions and certain other redevelopment entities from owning, leasing, or holding a single family dwelling or condominium unit that is leased for purposes of leasing for the use by individuals as a dwelling. Requires the department of local government finance, with the assistance of the state board of accounts, to prepare a report on redevelopment by redevelopment commissions, authorities, and departments and to submit and present the report to the commission on state tax and financing policy during the 2014 legislative interim. Provides that the power of eminent domain for redevelopment purposes belongs to the legislative body in counties other than Marion County. Requires legislative body approval of any amendment of a plan or of a resolution establishing an allocation area. Requires a declaratory resolution or amendment that establishes an allocation provision to include a specific finding of fact that the adoption of the allocation provision will result in new property taxes in the area that would not have been generated but for the adoption of the allocation provision. Provides, in the case of an allocation area that was initially established before July 1, 1995, that the expiration date of any allocation provisions for the allocation area is June 30, 2025, or the last date of any obligations outstanding on July 1, 2015, whichever is later. Provides that the consolidated allocation area in downtown Indianapolis is exempt from the expiration date.

DIGEST OF SB 138 (Updated February 27, 2014 4:26 pm - DI 84)

Victim advocates in civil proceedings. Removes restrictions on grants from the victim services division of the Indiana criminal justice institute for certain entities to enter into a contract with the domestic violence prevention and treatment council. Provides that a court may allow a victim advocate to attend a civil proceeding and confer with a victim as necessary. Specifies that a victim advocate is not considered to be practicing law when performing certain services.

DIGEST OF SB 139 (Updated March 5, 2014 4:41 pm - DI 84)

Health matters. Amends the definition of "attendant care services" to include providing assistance for the taking of medications that include controlled substances and prescription drugs. Removes the July 1, 2014, expiration date of the anatomical gift promotion fund.

DIGEST OF SB 158 (Updated March 6, 2014 2:55 pm - DI 84)

Property taxes. Specifies requirements that a for profit early childhood education provider must meet to obtain a property tax exemption for educating children who are four or five years of age. Prorates the exemption based on the number of children who are four or five years of age.

DIGEST OF SB 160 (Updated February 27, 2014 4:35 pm - DI 84)

Courts and court officers. Provides that: (1) a new court with one or more new judges may not be established; and (2) one or more new judges may not be added to an existing court; unless the establishment of the new court and the addition of the new judges to an existing court are authorized by state law.

DIGEST OF SB 161 (Updated March 6, 2014 2:57 pm - DI 84)

Tax issues. Specifies that for purposes of computing sales tax, a seller may elect to round the tax on an item basis or an invoice basis. Removes blood glucose monitoring meters from the separate sales tax exemption for blood glucose supplies to comply with the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement. Provides that blood glucose meters and the packaging or literature for a blood glucose meter furnished without charge by a diabetic supply distributor are exempt from sales tax. (Blood glucose meters would also be exempt from sales tax as durable medical equipment if sold or rented under a prescription.) Provides that the sales tax exemption for blood glucose monitoring supplies applies only to supplies furnished without charge. Provides that the value of an Olympic medal and prize money paid by the United States Olympic Committee to the winner of an Olympic medal are exempt from the Indiana adjusted gross income tax.

DIGEST OF SB 169 (Updated March 13, 2014 6:25 pm - DI 106)

Firearms. Makes it a Level 5 felony for a person to provide an individual with a firearm if the person knows that the individual: (1) is legally ineligible to possess a firearm; or (2) intends to use the firearm to commit a crime; and increases the penalty to a Level 3 felony if the firearm is

used to commit murder. Provides a defense for certain persons accused of providing firearms to ineligible individuals if: (1) the accused person contacted NICS to request a background check on the individual; and (2) the accused person received authorization from NICS to provide the firearm to the individual. Makes theft a Level 6 felony instead of a Class A misdemeanor if the property involved is a firearm. Allows the state to seek a sentencing enhancement of from five years to 20 years if a person uses a firearm to commit: (1) a felony against the person that results in death or serious bodily injury; (2) kidnapping; or (3) criminal confinement as a Level 2 or Level 3 felony.

## DIGEST OF SB 171 (Updated February 26, 2014 10:46 am - DI 84)

Community supervision. Requires a community corrections program to develop a plan of collaboration with the county probation department as a condition of receiving financial assistance from the department of correction. Permits the commissioner of the department of correction to award additional financial aid to counties with an approved community supervision collaboration plan. (The introduced version of this bill was prepared by the criminal law and sentencing policy study committee.)

### DIGEST OF SB 174 (Updated February 24, 2014 2:35 pm - DI 84)

Marion County zoning. Provides that a proposal to rezone property (by changing the zoning maps) shall be certified to the Indianapolis-Marion County city-county council by the metropolitan development commission regardless of whether the proposal receives a favorable recommendation, an unfavorable recommendation, or no recommendation from the metropolitan development commission. Specifies that the provisions concerning approval of rezoning by the city-county council apply regardless of whether there is a favorable recommendation, an unfavorable recommendation, or no recommendation from the metropolitan development commission. (Under current law, the provisions concerning approval by the city-county council of rezoning proposals apply only if the proposal receives a favorable recommendation.) Specifies that the legislative body member in whose district the parcel of real property under consideration is located may submit a request to the president of the legislative body that the proposal be considered. Allows a member of the Indianapolis-Marion County city-county council in whose district the parcel of real property under consideration is located to appeal any decision of a board of zoning appeals approving, denying, or otherwise concerning a use variance (other than a decision affecting real property within the boundaries of an excluded city). Requires the metropolitan development commission to give strong consideration to the first continuance of an appeals hearing that is filed by a member of the city-county council.

# DIGEST OF SB 176 (Updated March 13, 2014 7:56 pm - DI 92)

Central Indiana transit. Provides for the establishment or expansion of public transportation services other than light rail in an eligible county through a local public question placed on the ballot under an ordinance adopted by the fiscal body of the eligible county. Requires the

department of local government finance to review and approve the language of a local public question. Provides that Delaware County, Hamilton County, Hancock County, Johnson County, Madison County, and Marion County are eligible counties. Authorizes eligible counties to fund approved public transportation projects through various parts of the local option income tax rates that are available under current law for other purposes. Requires that fares must cover at least 25% of the operating costs of a transportation system established or expanded under the bill. Requires that revenue raised from sources other than taxes and fares must: (1) equal at least 10% of the local option income tax revenue that the budget agency certifies that an eligible county will receive in the first year of operations of a public transportation project; and (2) cover at least 10% of the operating costs of a transportation system established or expanded under the bill in the second year and thereafter. Provides that eligible counties are responsible for covering any shortfalls in raising alternative revenues. Requires foundations to be established in eligible counties for the purpose of meeting the alternative revenue requirements. Authorizes interlocal agreements, public-private partnerships, and bonding with respect to a public transportation project. Prohibits a political subdivision from using public funds to promote a position on a local public question regarding transit. Provides that the provisions in the bill do not create a moral obligation of the state. Specifies that no general revenues of the state may be used to pay for a transportation project or service under the provisions in the bill (but that this restriction does not apply to distributions from the public mass transportation fund). Requires goals for participation by minority business enterprises, veteran business enterprises, and women's business enterprises in the development of a public transportation project. Provides that the public mass transportation fund distribution formula is subject to annual review by the budget committee and approval of the budget director. Authorizes the fiscal body of a township that is: (1) located in an eligible county in which the county fiscal body does not adopt an ordinance to place a local public question on the ballot; and (2) adjacent to either an eligible county in which a public transportation project has been approved or a township in which a public transportation project has been approved; to adopt a resolution placing a local public question on the next general election ballot in the township concerning the establishment of a public transportation public project in the township. Requires the county fiscal body to carry out a public transportation project approved by the voters of the township and fund it through local option income taxes imposed only upon the county taxpavers who reside in the township.

#### DIGEST OF SB 179 (Updated March 13, 2014 7:54 pm - DI 109)

Various agricultural matters. Allows poultry farms to slaughter and process up to a certain number of poultry annually without inspection under federal regulations. Provides that a local unit of government may not by ordinance or resolution require licensure, certification, or inspection for food or food products of an individual vendor, farmer, or bona fide egg producer who meets certain requirements. Allows poultry that is sold on a farm to be refrigerated at the point of sale. Requires poultry that is sold at a farmer's market, through delivery, or at a roadside stand to be frozen at the point of sale. Requires poultry that is sold on a farm, through delivery or at a roadside stand to be used, sold, or frozen within seventy-two (72) hours of processing.

#### DIGEST OF SB 180 (Updated March 13, 2014 10:53 am - DI 104)

Veteran matters. Establishes the veterans disability clinic fund to provide funding for grants to qualified law schools that maintain a veterans disability clinic. Requires the state department of health, in consultation with the Indiana department of veterans' affairs and the division of mental health and addiction, to study and report findings and recommendations to the legislative council not later than September 1, 2014, concerning implementation of a program for the treatment of veterans who have traumatic brain injury or posttraumatic stress disorder. Urges the legislative council to assign to an appropriate committee during the 2014 interim a study concerning veterans' benefits

DIGEST OF SB 185 (Updated March 5, 2014 4:43 pm - DI 84)

Initials on ballots at vote centers. Permits a vote center county that uses electronic poll books to print on the back of a ballot card using a printer separate from the electronic poll list, immediately before the ballot card is delivered to the voter, the printed initials of the poll clerks captured through the electronic signature pad or tablet at the time the poll clerks log into the system (instead of the poll clerks manually initialing the back of each ballot card).

DIGEST OF SB 186 (Updated February 24, 2014 2:51 pm - DI 84)

State policy on agriculture and farmers' rights. Declares the state policy on agriculture and farmers' rights.

DIGEST OF SB 205 (Updated March 5, 2014 4:44 pm - DI 84)

Charter schools. Requires an authorizer to submit an annual report of certain information to the state board of education (state board), the department of education, and the public. Limits the length of a charter agreement to not more than seven years. Requires the state board to determine, during a turnaround academy's fifth year of operation, whether the turnaround academy will be returned to the operation of the school corporation, become a charter school, or be subject to an additional intervention. Specifies that the length of a contract with a special management team to operate a turnaround academy is 5 years.

DIGEST OF SB 207 (Updated March 5, 2014 4:48 pm - DI 84)

School operating referendum ballot language. Changes the language to be used on the ballot when a school corporation conducts a school general fund referendum. Removes the requirement that the department of local government finance must approve the ballot language proposed by a school corporation for a school general fund referendum. Provides that the county election board of the county or counties in which the school corporation is located must either approve or revise the proposed ballot language. Provides that if the county election board revises the ballot language, the governing body of the school corporation may request the Indiana election

commission to review the county election board's decision. Provides that if the Indiana election commission does not act not later than 60 days before the election at which the public question is to be placed on the ballot, the county election board's language is the language used for the public question. Provides that if a majority of the voters do not vote in favor of a school general fund referendum, another referendum under the law may not be held for another 350 days. (Current law provides that another referendum may not be held for another year.)

## DIGEST OF SB 208 (Updated March 5, 2014 4:50 pm - DI 84)

Unclaimed property. Allows the attorney general to withhold from disclosure certain personal information contained in a report or claim for unclaimed property. Requires unclaimed property held in a safe deposit box to be delivered to the attorney general not later than 30 days after the property is reported to the attorney general. (Current law prohibits the property from being delivered to the attorney general until 120 days after the property is reported.) Provides that an owner of interest bearing property is entitled to receive interest that accrues after the date the property is delivered to the attorney general. Corrects an internal reference.

### DIGEST OF SB 209 (Updated February 17, 2014 2:46 pm - DI 84)

Public employees contributions to ASA only pension plan. Permits a member of the public employees' defined contribution plan (ASA only plan) to make contributions to the ASA only plan in addition to the required contribution of 3% of the member's compensation paid by the state on behalf of the member each year. Provides that additional contributions to the ASA only plan are made on the same basis and subject to the same limitations as additional contributions made by a member of the public employees' retirement fund.

## DIGEST OF SB 217 (Updated February 20, 2014 11:19 am - DI 84)

Underground tank fee and drainage onsite reviews. Provides that if an underground storage tank consists of a single tank in which there are separate compartments, a separate annual registration fee shall be paid for each compartment within the single tank. Requires the owner of an underground storage tank to pay an annual registration fee for a calendar year if the underground storage tank is not closed before January 1 of that year. Requires the department of environmental management (instead of the department of state revenue) to collect the annual registration fee. Provides that: (1) for purposes of determining eligibility for payment of a tank owner's liability from the underground petroleum storage tank excess liability trust fund, only registration fees paid in 1991 or later shall be considered; (2) for the period preceding July 1, 2014, the payment of a single annual fee of \$90 for a tank containing separate compartments shall be deemed to satisfy the annual fee requirements; and (3) IDEM is not required to pay any refunds to a tank owner that, before July 1, 2014, paid a separate registration fee for each compartment within a tank. Provides that a county surveyor planning to perform a regulated drain reconstruction or maintenance project shall request a review of the project but is not required to request an onsite field review.

### DIGEST OF SB 220 (Updated March 5, 2014 4:52 pm - DI 84)

Unclaimed life insurance benefits. Requires an insurer to perform periodic comparisons of certain in-force life insurance policies, annuities, and retained asset accounts against a death master file. Requires an insurer to confirm the possible death of an insured, annuitant, or account owner and determine the benefits due. Provides that if the person to whom the benefits are due is not found, the benefits escheat to the state under the unclaimed property law. Makes an insurer's noncompliance an unfair or deceptive act or practice in the business of insurance.

## DIGEST OF SB 222 (Updated March 12, 2014 4:46 pm - DI 104)

Student athlete concussions. Provides that a high school student athlete who has been removed from play because of a suspected concussion or head injury may not return to play until at least 24 hours have passed since the incident. Beginning July 1, 2014, requires football coaches and assistant football coaches who are coaching individuals less than 20 years of age to complete a course concerning player safety and concussions at least once during a two year period. Provides civil immunity for football coaches in certain circumstances.

## DIGEST OF SB 223 (Updated February 25, 2014 2:58 pm - DI 84)

Senior and special prosecutors. Repeals and recodifies provisions concerning the appointment of senior prosecuting attorneys, special prosecutors, and special deputy prosecuting attorneys. Provides that a person may be appointed as a senior prosecuting attorney if the person was employed for at least eight years as a: (1) prosecuting attorney; (2) chief deputy prosecuting attorney; (3) deputy prosecuting attorney; or (4) deputy prosecuting attorney employed full time to perform certain duties related to child support provisions. Requires a person who files an affidavit to be considered for appointment as a senior prosecuting attorney to file a request to withdraw from consideration when the person is no longer willing to serve as a senior prosecuting attorney. Requires the prosecuting attorneys council to maintain and publish a list of persons who are eligible to be appointed as senior prosecuting attorneys. Allows a senior prosecuting attorney to be appointed as a special prosecutor in a county in which the senior prosecuting attorney previously served if the appointing court finds that the appointment would not create the appearance of impropriety. Removes provisions that limit the number of days a senior prosecuting attorney may be compensated during a calendar year. Requires a special prosecutor to file a progress report with the appointing court at least one time every six months. Makes conforming amendments.

#### DIGEST OF SB 225 (Updated March 13, 2014 6:35 pm - DI 120)

Various state and local financial matters. Eliminates the requirement that excess state general fund reserves are to be carried over each year for purposes of determining a transfer to the pension stabilization fund and an automatic taxpayer refund. Reduces from 50 to 25 the number of hard copy documents a state agency must provide to the state library. Permits the state library

foundation to choose to have its annual audit performed by an independent certified public accountant or by the state board of accounts. Changes the publisher of the annual report of the meetings of the Indiana Academy of Science from the commission on public records to the Indiana Academy of Science. Changes various copy requirements concerning the Indiana Academy of Science's reports. Repeals the annual appropriation for the printing of the proceedings and papers of the Indiana Academy of Science. Eliminates local unit participation in the state employee health plan. Repeals the requirement that the state provide a retiree health benefit plan to state employees after they become eligible for Medicare coverage. Repeals the mandatory contribution by state employees at retirement of unused vacation leave to the PERF 401(h) retirement medical benefits account. Recognizes multiparty agreements, including agreements with other states and local government units, using a transportation public-private arrangement. Modifies hearing requirements related to public-private partnership arrangements. Removes restrictions on how the state police department may use certain appropriations. Allows parties involved in a property tax appeal to agree to receive notices and other material by electronic means.

### DIGEST OF SB 227 (Updated March 6, 2014 3:00 pm - DI 84)

Alcohol and medical emergencies; crime studies. Provides that a person is immune from arrest or prosecution for certain alcohol offenses if the arrest or prosecution is due to the person: (1) reporting a medical emergency; (2) being the victim of a sex offense; or (3) witnessing and reporting what the person believes to be a crime. (Current law provides immunity from arrest or prosecution only if the person reports a medical emergency that is due to alcohol consumption.) Establishes a mitigating circumstance for the sentencing of a person convicted of a controlled substance offense if the person's arrest or prosecution was facilitated in part because the person requested emergency medical assistance for an individual in need of medical assistance due to the use of alcohol or a controlled substance. Allows a court to defer entering a judgment of conviction for an individual arrested for an alcohol offense if the individual was arrested after a report that the person needed medical assistance due to the use of alcohol if certain conditions are met. Allows an advanced emergency medical technician, an emergency medical responder, an emergency medical technician, a firefighter or volunteer firefighter, a law enforcement officer, or a paramedic to administer an overdose intervention drug to a person suffering from an overdose. Allows certain health care providers to prescribe, and a pharmacist to dispense, an overdose intervention drug for an advanced emergency medical technician, an emergency medical responder, an emergency medical technician, a fire department or volunteer fire department, a law enforcement agency, or a paramedic. Requires the commission on improving the status of children in Indiana to study and evaluate: (1) crimes of sexual violence against children; and (2) the impact of social media, wireless communications, digital media, and new technology on crimes against children. Requires the state department of health or the office of women's health to conduct a study to determine the number of persons who are the victims of crimes of domestic or sexual violence, the reasons why these crimes are underreported, best practices to improve reporting, and the most effective means to connect victims with appropriate treatment services. Establishes a framework for the study, and permits the department of health or the office of

women's health to contract with a third party to conduct the study. Urges the legislative council to assign to the appropriate study committee during the 2014 interim the task of studying the causes of violence and violent crime in Indiana.

### DIGEST OF SB 229 (Updated March 13, 2014 9:45 pm - DI 77)

Firearm matters. Allows a firearm that may be destroyed to be sold to a salvage company and destroyed by dismantling the firearm for parts, scrap metal, or recycling, or for resale as parts for other firearms. Provides that a unit may conduct a firearms buyback program with private funds or grants. Establishes a procedure to permit certain individuals whose firearms have been retained by a law enforcement agency to have the firearms sold at auction and the proceeds, less the costs of sale, returned to the individual. Removes a provision from the law making possession of a firearm on property that is being used by a school for a school function a felony. Provides, for purposes of the law concerning possession of firearms on school property, that the law does not apply to certain students who are members of a shooting sports team or certain individuals who may legally possess a firearm and possess a firearm that is locked in the trunk of the person's motor vehicle, kept in the glove compartment of the person's locked motor vehicle, or stored out of plain sight in the person's locked motor vehicle. Specifies that the law concerning firearms in locked vehicles does not prohibit an employer from prohibiting an employee from possessing a firearm or ammunition at the employer's residence. Provides that the chapter concerning possession of firearms on school property and school buses does not apply to a person who may possess the firearm and possesses the firearm in a motor vehicle. Makes it a Class A misdemeanor if certain persons leave a firearm in plain view in a motor vehicle parked in a school parking lot. Removes a provision from the law concerning firearms in locked vehicles that allows a person to adopt or enforce an ordinance, a resolution, a policy or rule that prohibits an employee of the person from possessing a firearm or ammunition in or on school property, in or on property that is being used by a school for a school function, or on a school bus in violation of: (1) student discipline laws concerning possession of firearms; or (2) the law concerning possession of firearms on school property and school buses. Provides that a person may adopt or enforce an ordinance, a resolution, a policy, or a rule that prohibits an employee from possessing a firearm or ammunition in a motor vehicle that is owned, leased, or controlled by a school or school district.

## DIGEST OF SB 233 (Updated March 12, 2014 9:39 am - DI 104)

Professional licensing matters. Changes pharmacy technician certification to licensure. Adds a high school graduation, high school equivalency certificate, or state general educational development requirement for pharmacy technician licensure. Specifies education and training requirements for pharmacy technicians. Provides for the licensure of anesthesiologist assistants. Establishes a Class B misdemeanor for professing to be an anesthesiologist assistant without a license. Provides for the licensure of diabetes educators. Provides that certified registered nurse anesthetists may be recognized as advanced practice nurses under certain circumstances.

### DIGEST OF SB 234 (Updated February 24, 2014 2:54 pm - DI 84)

Auctioneer licensing. Repeals the auction house license provisions. Provides that a person holding an unexpired auction house license may apply to convert that license to an auction company license. Repeals the temporary auctioneer's permit provisions. Provides that the auctioneer commission may use interest earned from the funds in the auctioneer recovery fund for expenses related to the continuing education program and other expenses incurred by the commission. Allows the auctioneer commission to hire an education officer to oversee and perform the educational duties required under the auctioneer licensing laws. Makes conforming changes. Makes a technical correction.

### DIGEST OF SB 235 (Updated March 13, 2014 10:54 am - DI 106)

Mental health pilot project. Requires community corrections programs to use evidence based services, programs, and practices that reduce the risk for recidivism. Permits the community corrections board to coordinate or operate certain programs. Establishes standards for the award of certain grants by the department of correction, and requires the department of correction to consult with the judicial conference and the division of mental health and addiction before awarding grants. Defines "mental health and addiction forensic treatment services", establishes eligibility and treatment criteria, and creates the mental health and addiction forensic treatment services account to fund mental health and addiction forensic treatment services. Requires the judicial conference to discuss with the department of correction and the division of mental health and addiction before awarding financial assistance, and requires any person providing mental health and substance use treatment services to be certified by the division of mental health and addiction. Provides that the department of correction may provide financial assistance to community corrections programs from the mental health and addiction forensic treatment services account. Allows for the establishment of a three year pilot project in Marion County to reduce recidivism by providing mental health and forensic treatment services. Extends Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program and Temporary Assistance for Needy Families benefits for individuals participating in the Marion County mental health pilot project and other evidence based treatment programs. (The introduced version of this bill was prepared by the criminal law and sentencing policy study committee.)

## DIGEST OF SB 236 (Updated March 13, 2014 10:21 pm - DI 106)

Alcohol and criminal offenses. Revises numerous provisions of IC 7.1 that deal with criminal liability. Removes the requirement that the driver's license of a minor shall be suspended if the minor commits certain offenses related to the unlawful possession or purchase of an alcoholic beverage if the offenses do not involve the use of a motor vehicle. Makes it a Class B misdemeanor for a person to knowingly or intentionally: (1) rent property; or (2) provide or arrange for the use of property; for the purpose of allowing or enabling a minor to consume an alcoholic beverage on the property. Makes this offense a: (1) Class A misdemeanor if the person has a prior unrelated conviction; and (2) Level 6 felony if the consumption, ingestion, or use of

the alcoholic beverage is the proximate cause of the serious bodily injury or death of any person. Provides immunity from civil liability for a postsecondary educational institution or its agents under certain conditions. (The introduced version of this bill was prepared by the criminal law and sentencing policy study committee.)

Inspection of private buses. Requires the state police department to establish a program to inspect private buses. Provides that the state police department is not required to conduct the inspections. Provides that an inspection that complies with regulations of the United States Department of Transportation satisfies the requirements of the program established by the state police. Requires the owner of a private bus to provide to the bureau of motor vehicles an unexpired certificate of inspection for the private bus before the owner may register or reregister the private bus.

Schools and auto-injectable epinephrine. Allows a health care provider with prescriptive authority to prescribe auto-injectable epinephrine to a school or school district. Sets requirements for certain individuals employed by a school or school district to fill, store, and administer auto-injectable epinephrine. Provides civil immunity for: (1) certain school employees in the administration of auto-injectable epinephrine; and (2) health care providers in the prescribing of auto-injectable epinephrine and in the training of school employees in the administration of auto-injectable epinephrine.

#### DIGEST OF SB 248 (Updated February 27, 2014 5:01 pm - DI 84)

Psychiatric crisis intervention services study. Requires the office of the secretary of family and social services (office) to study certain issues concerning psychiatric crisis intervention services. Requires the office to report its findings to the legislative council before September 1, 2015.

#### DIGEST OF SB 249 (Updated March 13, 2014 6:39 pm - DI 113)

Transfers of real property. Specifies that a property tax penalty for property sold by a county executive through a certificate of sale procedure is to be removed from the tax duplicate if the penalty is associated with a delinquency that was not due until after the date of the original tax sale but is due before the issuance of the certificate of sale by the county executive. Specifies procedures for collecting unpaid taxes after the county auditor determines that a property is no longer eligible for a standard deduction. Provides that no lien attaches for any additional taxes and civil penalties resulting from the removal of the deduction with respect to a bona fide purchaser of the property who is without knowledge of the county auditor's determination. Indicates that certain defects in a lease recorded with the county recorder do not invalidate the effect of recording the lease. Provides that a person acquiring a condominium unit is not liable for unpaid assessments if the condominium association, manager, or board of directors fails to

provide a statement of unpaid assessments within 10 days of the person's written request. Specifies the appraisal procedure to be used when selling property at auction in a partition action, and provides that the parties may waive appraisal and valuation. Permits any person with an interest in property being sold at a sheriff's sale in a partition action to request that the court order the sale be conducted by an auctioneer. Provides that a governmental entity may claim title by adverse possession without having paid property taxes and special assessments due on the property if the governmental entity is exempt from the payment of property taxes and special assessments. Makes a technical correction.

## DIGEST OF SB 255 (Updated March 12, 2014 3:28 pm - DI 107)

Implied consent for forensic examination. Repeals and relocates certain definitions relating to the provision of forensic medical examinations. Defines "sexual assault examination kit", and requires: (1) the state police department to develop and distribute a standard sexual assault examination kit; and (2) health care providers conducting forensic medical examinations of suspected victims of sex crimes to use the sexual assault examination kit if practicable. Provides that a health care provider may conduct a forensic medical examination of an unconscious person who is suspected to be the victim of a sex crime without the consent of the victim or other authorized individuals under certain circumstances. Provides the health care provider with immunity in conducting the examination.

## DIGEST OF SB 260 (Updated March 13, 2014 10:08 pm - DI 73)

Assistance for military facilities. Authorizes units of local government to expend money: (1) in direct support of an active military base located within the unit or an entity located in the territory or facilities of a military base or former military base (or territory or facilities of the United States Department of Defense) that are scheduled for closing or are completely or partially inactive or closed; and (2) in support of any other entity that provides services or direct support to such an active military base or such an entity. Provides that redevelopment commissions, military base reuse authorities, and military base development authorities may, subject to prior approval by the unit's fiscal body, expend money and provide financial assistance (including grants and loans) to such active military bases and to such entities. Provides that the fiscal body of the unit that established such a commission or authority must separately approve each grant, loan, or other expenditure for financial assistance provided by the commission or authority under these provisions. Provides that the terms of any loan made under these provisions by a commission or authority may be changed only if the change is approved by the fiscal body of the unit that established the commission or authority. Excludes certain counties.

## DIGEST OF SB 262 (Updated February 25, 2014 3:06 pm - DI 84)

Biosimilar drugs. Allows a pharmacist to substitute an interchangeable biosimilar product for a

prescribed biological product if certain conditions are met. Requires a pharmacist to record in a certain manner the name and manufacturer of a biologic product that the pharmacist is dispensing not later than ten days after dispensing the biologic product. Requires the board of pharmacy to maintain a link on the board's website to the current list of all biological products that are determined by the United States Food and Drug Administration to be interchangeable with a specific reference biological product. Allows the board of pharmacy to adopt rules. Provides that a written or electronic prescription for a biological product must comply with the existing prescription form requirements. (The introduced version of this bill was prepared by the health finance commission.)

### DIGEST OF SB 266 (Updated March 13, 2014 10:47 am - DI 73)

Assessment of real property. Consolidates provisions relating to the burden of proof concerning assessments into one section of the Indiana Code (and repeals the existing provision that is moved to another citation in the Indiana Code). Specifies that if the assessed value of real property is increased above the amount of the assessed value as reduced by any assessing official or reviewing authority, the assessing official making the assessment has the burden of proving that the assessment is correct. (Under current law, this burden of proof applies only if the assessed value was reduced by the property tax assessment board of appeals.) Amends the existing law concerning the assessor's burden of proof when an assessment is increased by more than 5% over the prior tax year by specifying the following: (1) In calculating the change in the assessment, the assessment to be used for the prior tax year is the original assessment for that prior tax year or, if applicable, the assessment for that prior tax year as last corrected by an assessing official, as stipulated or settled by the taxpayer and the assessing official, or as determined by the reviewing authority. (2) If the assessor fails to meet the burden of proof, the taxpayer may introduce evidence to prove the correct assessment. (3) If neither the assessor nor the taxpayer meets these burdens of proof, the assessment reverts to the assessment for the prior tax year. (4) These provisions concerning the burden of proof do not apply to an assessment that is based on structural improvements, zoning, or uses that were not considered in the assessment for the prior tax year.

## DIGEST OF SB 271 (Updated February 27, 2014 5:05 pm - DI 84)

Water related study committee responsibilities. Urges the legislative council to assign to the appropriate committee for the 2014 legislative interim the responsibility: (1) to receive testimony about a number of subjects related to water resources, including certain recommendations of the utility regulatory commission, the effect of water resource availability on state and regional economic development decisions, coordination of state government activities relating to water resources, and key elements that a state water plan should contain; and (2) to study the potential creation of a water institute and a water management authority.

DIGEST OF SB 282 (Updated February 24, 2014 6:23 pm - DI 84)

Choice scholarship. Provides that a choice scholarship student identified as eligible for special education services may receive special education funding as part of the choice scholarship if the choice scholarship school offers the necessary special education services and the student elects to receive those services at the choice scholarship school.

# DIGEST OF SB 291 (Updated February 27, 2014 5:08 pm - DI 84)

Human trafficking investigations. Provides that "law enforcement agency", for purposes of receiving information concerning a violation of the human trafficking statute, includes the attorney general and an agency whose principal function is the apprehension of criminal offenders. Specifies that the attorney general has the same authority as a law enforcement agency to access and maintain information regarding a violation of the human trafficking statute. Permits the attorney general to assist with the investigation and prosecution of a violation of the human trafficking statute.

# DIGEST OF SB 292 (Updated March 6, 2014 3:04 pm - DI 84)

Abortion providers. Authorizes the state department of health (state department) to inspect an abortion clinic at least one time per year and to conduct complaint inspections as needed. Requires a pregnant woman to be informed orally and in writing at least 18 hours before the abortion of an emergency telephone number for the facility that is available and answered 24 hours a day, seven days a week. Requires a physician who is performing an abortion to have hospital admitting privileges in writing. Requires the abortion clinic to keep at the clinic a copy of the admitting privileges of certain physicians and to provide a copy of the admitting privileges to the state department. Requires the state department to: (1) verify the validity of the admitting privileges documents; (2) remove any identifying information from the admitting privileges document before releasing the document; and (3) confirm to a member of the public, upon request, that admitting privileges have been received by the state department.

## DIGEST OF SB 294 (Updated March 10, 2014 3:27 pm - DI 84)

Worker's compensation. Changes the worker's compensation and occupational diseases compensation law by providing that: (1) a medical service provider may not be reimbursed for more than one office visit for each repackaged legend drug prescribed; (2) the maximum period during which a medical service provider that is not a retail or mail order pharmacy may receive reimbursement for a repackaged legend drug begins on the date of the injury or disablement and ends at the beginning of the eighth day after the date of the injury or disablement; (3) for purposes of determining pecuniary liability, a medical service provider is distinguished from a medical service facility on the basis of the provider's billing form for Medicare reimbursement; and (4) an officer of a corporation who is an employee of the corporation may elect not to be an employee of the corporation for purposes of worker's compensation and occupational diseases law. Removes language that provides that the reimbursement for an implant may not exceed the invoice amount plus 25%.

#### DIGEST OF SB 304 (Updated February 24, 2014 3:06 pm - DI 84)

White River State Park administrative rules. Provides rulemaking authority to the Indiana White River State Park Development Commission.

DIGEST OF SB 308 (Updated March 12, 2014 9:40 am - DI 113)

Sports and convention development areas. Allows a professional sports development area (PSDA) in Allen County to be amended after April 30, 2014, and before January 1, 2015. Provides that a PSDA in Allen County must terminate before the later of January 1, 2028, or (if the designating body takes final action on the financing before January 1, 2015) a date agreed to jointly by the budget agency and the designating body that established the tax area. Specifies that the expiration date may not be later than 25 years after the debt to finance the facility or proposed facility is issued, and that the budget agency must approve the final financing for the facility or proposed facility.

DIGEST OF SB 311 (Updated February 24, 2014 6:42 pm - DI 84)

Charges for dogs killing livestock. Repeals the requirement (and related provisions) that counties pay for livestock killed by dogs. Makes conforming changes.

DIGEST OF SB 312 (Updated March 10, 2014 3:29 pm - DI 84)

Assignment of lottery prizes. Provides that a person who wins a prize payable in installments from the lottery commission may assign the future prize payments under certain circumstances upon court approval. Sets forth requirements for a court order approving a prize payment assignment. Requires that a petition to assign a prize payment must be served upon the lottery commission's director and the child support bureau. Requires the assignee to provide certain information. Requires the director of the lottery commission to investigate and certify whether a person who petitions for a lottery prize payment assignment has or has not satisfied debts to state agencies. Provides that if the Internal Revenue Service, the department of state revenue, or a court issues a determination or ruling that the voluntary assignment of a prize payment will affect federal income tax treatment, the commission shall file the determination or ruling with the attorney general's office and the Indiana judicial center, and a court may not issue a voluntary assignment of a prize payment after the date of the determination or ruling. Adds the department of child services to the list of agencies that must identify to the commission individuals who owe past due child support.

DIGEST OF SB 321 (Updated March 13, 2014 9:54 pm - DI 116)

Charter school funding. Allows a charter school organizer to notify the department that it wants

to receive the tuition support distributions for the state fiscal year 2014-2015 for all of the charter schools that the organizer operates. Provides that the state examiner shall establish guidelines and prescribe reporting requirements for organizers that are consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Requires the organizer's authorizer to verify to the department that the charter schools are operated by the organizer. Provides that the department shall distribute the tuition support for the verified charter schools to the organizer. Permits the organizer to distribute the tuition support to each charter school it operates in the amounts determined by the organizer. Requires identification numbers and accounts to be used at the organizer and charter school levels. Prohibits an organizer from using tuition support for expenses incurred outside Indiana that are not directly related to the charter school the organizer operates in Indiana. Provides that a student, and the student's siblings, who attends a charter school may attend a different charter school held by the same organizer in subsequent years. Provides that if the state board adopts a rule to assign a category or designation of school improvement to a school corporation the state board shall also assign a category or designation of school improvement to a charter school organizer.

### DIGEST OF SB 329 (Updated March 12, 2014 9:48 am - DI 120)

Home inspections. Requires attic spaces and basements or crawl spaces to be inspected during a home inspection.

# DIGEST OF SB 330 (Updated March 10, 2014 3:31 pm - DI 84)

Better skills for adult learners. Makes changes to what is included as instructional time for a performance qualified school district or qualified high school. Provides that a high school may replace high school courses on the high school transcript with dual credit courses or advanced placement courses on the same subject matter with equal or greater rigor to the required high school course and may count such course as satisfying academic honors or another special diploma requirement. Requires the commission for higher education (commission) to award parttime student grants totaling at least 50% of the available appropriation each fiscal year to students who are identified by the commission as financially independent from their parents and who are pursuing a program of study that will lead to a specific high demand, high wage job. Requires the commission to submit not later than November 1, 2014, to the legislative council a report that provides information about the part-time student population in Indiana, including the population's size, its financial need, its completion rates, and recommendations for increasing the population's completion rates using financial support and student incentives. Provides that, for state fiscal years beginning after June 30, 2014, the state workforce innovation council shall allocate a percentage of the funds made available to Indiana under the Workforce Investment Act for adult and dislocated worker training for performance based funding training that leads to occupations that the department of workforce development has categorized as high demand, high wage jobs and that are tied to existing employer demand in the region in which the training is offered. Provides an educational loan repayment for a public elementary or high school teacher who: (1) was in the highest 20% of the individual's high school graduating class or in the top

twentieth percentile on the SAT or ACT examination; (2) graduated from college with at least a 3.5 grade point average; and (3) teaches science, technology, engineering, mathematics, or special education, or teaches in a critical shortage geographic area; in a public school in Indiana. Provides that at the end of the third consecutive year the teacher teaches, the commission for higher education shall make a payment of an amount determined by the commission based on the funds appropriated for the repayments or the balance of the teacher's student loans (whichever is less) directly to the financial institution that holds the teacher's student loans if a specific appropriation has been made to fund teacher student loan repayments.

## DIGEST OF SB 331 (Updated March 5, 2014 4:56 pm - DI 84)

Second service for veterans. Establishes the second service for veterans program to attract veteran students to the teaching profession. Requires a state educational institution to adopt a policy to award educational credit to a veteran or an individual serving in the armed forces of the United States or the Indiana National Guard who completes courses: (1) at a postsecondary educational institution accredited by a regional accrediting agency or association; and (2) that meet the state educational institution's role, scope, and mission. Requires a state educational institution to adopt a policy to award educational credit to a veteran or an individual serving in the armed forces of the United States or the Indiana National Guard who completes certain college equivalency examinations that meet the state educational institution's role, scope, and mission. Provides that the state educational institution's policy must provide that educational credit awarded to an individual applies to the individual's degree requirements if the credit is comparable and applicable to credit necessary for the individual to meet the individual's degree requirements.

#### DIGEST OF SB 332 (Updated March 10, 2014 3:33 pm - DI 84)

State and local investments. Provides that investments in municipal securities must have a stated final maturity of five years or less. Permits the treasurer of state to invest with supranational issuers. (Current law limits the investment to the International Bank for Reconstruction and Redevelopment and the African Development Bank.) Provides that a public depository may invest funds in the same investments and for the same terms as the treasurer of state may invest funds of the state. Amends the Indiana Code provision that allows the treasurer of state to lend certain securities if the agreement under which the securities are lent is collateralized to provide that: (1) cash; or (2) non-cash collateral if the state is indemnified by the custodian holding the non-cash collateral; are acceptable forms of collateral. (Current law provides that: (1) cash; or (2) certain interest bearing obligations of the federal government; are acceptable forms of collateral.)

## DIGEST OF SB 334 (Updated March 5, 2014 4:58 pm - DI 84)

Mortgage lending. Provides that a federal savings bank that is exempt from the Indiana statute

concerning the licensing of creditors in first lien mortgage transactions may voluntarily register with the department of financial institutions (department) for the purpose of sponsoring, under an exclusive written agreement, licensed mortgage loan originators as independent agents if the federal savings bank does the following: (1) Assumes responsibility for and reasonably supervises the activities of the licensed mortgage loan originators. (2) Complies with certain requirements under the statute concerning: (A) registering with the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry (NMLSR); (B) maintaining a surety bond; (C) submitting reports to the NMLSR; and (D) filing financial statements with the department. (3) Cooperates with the department, and provides access to records and documents, as required by the department to examine the activities of the licensed mortgage loan originators. (4) Agrees to comply as the director of the department determines necessary to ensure that the activities of the licensed mortgage loan originators comply with specified federal law and with Indiana law. Provides that a licensed loan originator sponsored by a federal savings bank under the provisions must: (1) hold a valid insurance producer license; and (2) sell, solicit, or negotiate insurance exclusively for a licensed insurance company that is a subsidiary of the federal savings bank's parent company. Makes conforming amendments to similar provisions in the Uniform Consumer Credit Code concerning the licensing of creditors in subordinate lien mortgage transactions.

### DIGEST OF SB 338 (Updated March 12, 2014 9:23 am - DI 84)

State board of accounts. Establishes an audit committee in the legislative department of state government to assure the independence of the state board of accounts. Specifies that the audit committee is comprised of five voting members and one advisory member. Provides that the director of the office of management and budget, or the director's designee, is the advisory member. Requires the report of each examination to be distributed to the audit committee. Requires that the appointment of and any removal of the state examiner must be approved by the legislative council. Eliminates the requirement that a state examiner and each deputy examiner have three consecutive years of active experience as a field examiner with the state board of accounts. Requires the state examiner to have at least five years of accounting experience, including at least three years of single audit experience in the public or private sector. Replaces the requirement that the deputy state examiners be of different political parties with a requirement that not more than two of the three members of the state board of accounts be members of the same political party. Provides for staggered four year terms for members of the state board of accounts

#### DIGEST OF SB 339 (Updated February 25, 2014 3:16 pm - DI 84)

Allow alcoholic beverages at the state fair. Repeals a provision that prohibits the sale of alcoholic beverages at the state fair grounds during the period of the Indiana state fair.

DIGEST OF SB 340 (Updated March 10, 2014 3:35 pm - DI 84)

Demand side management programs. Provides that industrial customers of an electricity supplier

may opt out of participating in an energy efficiency program implemented by the electricity supplier in response to an order of the utility regulatory commission (commission) concerning demand side management (DSM) programs. Provides that the commission may adopt rules or guidelines to assist electricity suppliers and industrial customers. Provides that certain energy efficiency programs may not be renewed after December 31, 2014. Provides that, after December 31, 2014, an electricity supplier may offer an energy efficiency program and, if authorized by the IURC, recover associated costs. Requires the commission to provide a status report on energy efficiency programs implemented under DSM orders, including the effects on customer rates and charges, to the regulatory flexibility committee and the legislative council by August 15, 2014.

### DIGEST OF SB 343 (Updated March 5, 2014 4:59 pm - DI 84)

Law enforcement training and emergency services. Requires the law enforcement training board to adopt rules for minimum standards for a course of study on cultural sensitivity training, including training on the U nonimmigrant visa. Provides that a county law enforcement continuing education program: (1) shall provide to each law enforcement officer employed by the county; and (2) may provide to each law enforcement officer employed by a city or town law enforcement agency within the county; continuing education concerning the U nonimmigrant visa and continuing education concerning cultural diversity awareness that includes an understanding of certain cultural issues. Requires the Indiana Emergency Medical Services Commission to establish protocols for persons who provide emergency medical services to notify law enforcement when services have been provided to an individual who has attempted to commit suicide and who has indicated that the attempt was due in part to bullying.

# DIGEST OF SB 344 (Updated March 5, 2014 5:01 pm - DI 84)

School building safety. Establishes the division of school building physical security and safety (division) within the department of education. Provides that the division carries out certain responsibilities related to the school safety specialist training and certification program, establishing emergency protocols, and establishing guidelines for using professional services to integrate physical security improvements and safety practices in the construction, renovation, repair, or alteration of school facilities.

## DIGEST OF SB 349 (Updated March 13, 2014 10:49 am - DI 101)

Telephone solicitations. Amends the statute governing telephone solicitations of consumers (Indiana's "do not call" statute) to provide that certain prohibitions that apply to telephone solicitors also apply to: (1) suppliers in consumer transactions; and (2) callers in commercial telephone solicitations. Adds a new prohibition to provide that a telephone solicitor, a supplier, or a caller may not sell, transfer, or make available to another person for solicitation purposes a consumer's telephone number if the telephone solicitor, supplier, or caller knows that the telephone number appears in the most current "do not call" listing. Provides that this prohibition does not apply to the sale, transfer, or provision of a consumer's telephone number to a person

who is exempt from the "do not call" statute. Adds a provision to prohibit the following: (1) A telephone solicitor, a supplier, or a caller from transferring a live call to one or more other persons if the call has been placed to a consumer in violation of the "do not call" statute or the statute governing the regulation of automatic dialing machines. (2) A telephone solicitor, a supplier, or a caller from providing substantial assistance or support to another person if the telephone solicitor, supplier, or caller knows or consciously avoids knowing that the person has violated the "do not call" statute or the statute governing the regulation of automatic dialing machines. Makes conforming amendments to the "do not call" statute's civil remedies provisions.

## DIGEST OF SB 350 (Updated March 12, 2014 5:33 pm - DI 84)

Dealer services division of the secretary of state. Makes various changes concerning the dealer services division within the office of the secretary of state. Repeals language concerning the disposition of fees collected for the licensing of vehicle salvaging into the motor vehicle highway account. Repeals language classifying boat dealers into two categories. Provides that a public agency or towing service may provide notice to a person that owns or holds a lien on a towed vehicle by a certificate of mailing, in addition to other methods. Makes technical corrections.

## DIGEST OF SB 352 (Updated February 24, 2014 7:00 pm - DI 84)

Military family relief fund. Removes the provision that limits to three years the time during which an Indiana qualified service member or a dependent is eligible to receive assistance from the military family relief fund. Gives priority to Indiana qualified service members or dependents who have never received a grant from the military family relief fund. Requires the veterans' affairs commission, subject to the approval of the budget agency, to set a maximum total dollar amount of grants that may be expended in a state fiscal year.

## DIGEST OF SB 354 (Updated March 12, 2014 2:24 pm - DI 84)

Hoosier women veterans program. Establishes the Hoosier women veterans program to provide information and services to Indiana's women veterans. Allows a county executive to appoint a county service officer for a four (4) year term.

## DIGEST OF SB 357 (Updated March 13, 2014 11:10 am - DI 77)

Industrial hemp. Subject to federal approval, authorizes the state seed commissioner to license the cultivation and production of industrial hemp. Establishes requirements to obtain a license. Authorizes inspections by the state police and audits by the state seed commissioner. Provides that in addition to any other liability or penalty, the state seed commissioner may revoke or refuse to renew a license and may impose a civil penalty. Requires the state seed commissioner to apply for necessary permissions, waivers, or other forms of legal status by the United States Drug Enforcement Agency or other appropriate federal agency that are necessary to implement the law. Makes a conforming amendment to the definition of "marijuana".

# DIGEST OF SB 359 (Updated March 5, 2014 5:04 pm - DI 84)

Confined feeding, composting, and manure storage. Provides that a person may not operate a confined feeding operation without obtaining the prior approval of the department of environmental management. Provides for renewal of an approval for the construction, expansion, or operation of a confined feeding operation. Provides that the law concerning the registration of composting facilities applies to facilities for the composting of vegetative matter and other organic material. (Currently the law applies only to facilities for the composting of vegetative matter resulting from landscaping maintenance and land clearing projects.) Specifies the conditions under which an application for registration of a composting facility may be denied or a registration may be revoked. Requires a person who applies for approval to construct or expand a satellite manure storage structure to provide notice concerning the approval to: (1) the county executive of the county in which the satellite manure storage structure is to be constructed or expanded; and (2) each owner and each occupant of land of which any part of the boundary is one-half mile or less from any part of the proposed footprint of the satellite manure storage structure.

### DIGEST OF SB 363 (Updated March 3, 2014 2:03 pm - DI 84)

Complexity index calculation. Provides that the following apply in the case of a school corporation that does not request reimbursement from the state for providing free curricular materials to students: (1) The complexity index used in determining state funding is based on the percentage of the school corporation's students who were eligible to receive free curricular materials. (Under current law, the complexity index is based on the number of students receiving such assistance.) (2) The school corporation shall estimate and report to the department of education the percentage of the school corporation's students who are enrolled in the school corporation and are eligible for such assistance. Authorizes the state board of education to adopt emergency rules to implement this provision.

## DIGEST OF SB 367 (Updated March 13, 2014 10:11 pm - DI 73)

Various tax matters. Specifies that the county auditor (rather than the county treasurer, under current law) makes certain requested advances to political subdivisions within the county. Specifies that an active duty military member who maintains ownership of a home in Indiana and is ordered to deploy outside of Indiana may maintain eligibility for a homestead deduction. Provides that for purposes of the circuit breaker credit, residential property: (1) includes a single family dwelling that is under construction and the land, not exceeding one acre, on which the dwelling will be located; and (2) excludes real property that consists of a commercial hotel, motel, inn, tourist camp, or tourist cabin. Requires the state board of finance to make a loan to a school corporation from the rainy day fund, if the school corporation's petition for a loan from the fund was denied in October 2013 and a general fund referendum was not passed in 2014 by the voters in the school corporation. Specifies that delinquent penalties, fees, and interest are included in the amounts due for determining whether a parcel is included on the delinquency list

for purposes of the tax sale law. Makes the 2012 maximum property tax levy adjustment for Fairfield Township in Tippecanoe County permanent. Restores the requirement deleted by SEA 207-2014 that the department of local government finance (DLGF) must approve the ballot language proposed by a school corporation for a school general fund referendum and restores the related certification procedures. Removes the requirement added by SEA 207-2014 that the county election board of the county or counties in which the school corporation is located must either approve or revise the proposed ballot language and removes related changes. Provides that the sales tax rate on a motor vehicle that a purchaser intends to transport outside Indiana within 30 days and title or register for use in another state or country is the rate of that state or country. Extends the sales and use tax exemption for aircraft repair and maintenance. Authorizes a shareholder, partner, or member of a pass through entity to claim the industrial recovery tax credit. Specifies that contributions to organizations that provide services to individuals who are ex-offenders are eligible for the neighborhood assistance credit. Provides that beginning in 2015, the office of community and rural affairs administers the historic rehabilitation income tax credits. Changes the schedule of maximum property tax rates that may be imposed by an airport authority. Includes a maximum tax rate calculation that provides that the tax rate is not decreased to a level where the airport authority would initially lose tax revenue as the assessed value increases. Provides that if a taxpayer fails to make a payment under a property tax payment arrangement, the county treasurer and the taxpayer may enter into a subsequent arrangement and avoid the penalties otherwise due. Makes changes to the income tax credit for property taxes paid on homesteads in Lake County. Provides that if the cost of the credit is less than \$8,500,000, riverboat admissions tax revenue equal to the difference between \$8,500,000 and the cost of the credits shall be paid to the northwest Indiana regional development authority and used for public mass rail transportation in Lake County. Requires electronic filings for cigarette and alcoholic beverage taxes. Makes changes to the membership requirements for the Madison County visitor and convention commission. Requires township trustees to publish the annual abstract of receipts and expenditures within four weeks after the third Tuesday following the first Monday in February. Requires redevelopment commissions, authorities, and departments to submit certain information to the DLGF before July 1, 2014. Provides that the DLGF shall deliver the report required by SEA 118-2014 by October 1, 2014 (rather than August 1, 2014). Requires the office of management and budget to prepare certain studies.

DIGEST OF SB 375 (Updated March 12, 2014 4:51 pm - DI 113)

Business financing arrangements. Specifies that the following are not securities subject to IC 23: (1) A venture capital investment tax credit. (2) A certificate from the Indiana economic development corporation indicating that a taxpayer has fulfilled the requirements of the corporation and is entitled to a venture capital investment tax credit. Defines "accredited investor" for the purposes of the Uniform Securities Act. Adds exemptions to the Uniform Securities Act for certain transactions.

DIGEST OF SB 377 (Updated March 6, 2014 3:06 pm - DI 84)

Various business entity matters. Makes various changes to business and other associations law concerning the following: (1) Information required to be filed with the secretary of state's office. (2) Information required to be sent to registered agents. (3) Responsibilities of registered agents. (4) An exception to the notice requirements concerning administrative revocations of certificates of authorities and dissolutions. (5) Procedures concerning reinstatement and denial of reinstatement. (6) Stated powers of corporations, nonprofit corporations, and limited liability companies. (7) Issuance of interrogatories by the secretary of state and investigative claims. (8) Filing false documents with the secretary of state. (9) Use of assumed business names. (10) Domestication of nonprofit corporations. (11) The officers and the powers and duties of officers of a limited liability company. Removes provisions concerning the following: (1) Delivery by telecopy and facsimile. (2) Requiring creation of copies of certain documents. Repeals a provision concerning having a corporation as a resident agent.

# DIGEST OF SB 385 (Updated March 13, 2014 7:15 pm - DI 84)

Various election law matters. Changes election law as follows: (1) Permits the election division to provide voter registration information from the statewide voter registration system (system) without charge to the clerks of the United States District Courts for the Northern and Southern Districts of Indiana. (2) Amends online voter registration procedures. (3) Provides that an individual who knowingly makes a false statement about a voter identification number on a poll list commits a Level 6 felony. (4) Permits a county voter registration office to provide precinct inspectors a scanned copy of a more recent signature of a voter than the signature on the voter's original registration. (5) Exempts precinct officials, a county voter registration office, and various other agencies taking custody of voter registration forms from "chain of custody" documentation. (6) Specifies efforts officials must make to obtain information missing on voter registration forms. (7) Permits a county voter registration office to send an address confirmation notice to an active voter who may no longer reside at the address shown on the voter's registration record if the county sends a similar notice to voters when a boundary or polling place is changed. (8) Sets requirements for mailings for the statewide voter registration residency confirmation outreach project. (9) Provides a method for a voter to update information in the voter's registration record in a county using electronic poll books. (10) Requires officials to request information from various public sources to update voter registration records. (11) Provides that a family and social services administration office (FSSA) providing Medicaid services has the same deadlines to transmit voter registration applications as other FSSA offices. (12) Specifies how a person having a power of attorney for a voter may assist the voter with absentee voting. (13) Clarifies the timeline for a county voter registration office to cancel the record of inactive voters who have failed to vote or appear to vote at the address on the registration record. (14) Specifies that the inspector (rather than two judges) marks the poll list in the presence of the poll clerks to indicate that a voter has voted by absentee ballot in a precinct. (15) Requires a county to adopt procedures concerning the security of absentee ballots cast on an electronic voting system. (16) Permits a vote center plan to provide that vote centers not be used in municipal elections in some or all small towns in a county. (17) Updates provisions concerning the location of challengers within a polling place. (18) Specifies the retention requirements for data on recording units used in direct

record electronic voting systems. (19) Specifies that the county voter registration office is required to update voter registration records using information contained on a poll list returned after election day. (20) Requires a board to enter into the system certain information regarding provisional ballots. (21) Provides a procedure to reconcile the number of signatures on poll lists with the number of votes cast in a precinct where the majority of ballots are cast by electronic voting system. (22) Establishes a small precinct committee in Lake County to determine if precincts in the county that had fewer than 500 active voters as of June 1, 2014, can be combined with one or more adjacent precincts. Requires the Lake County board of elections and registration to adopt a precinct establishment order implementing the committee's findings. Provides when the establishment order takes effect. (23) Repeals obsolete provisions concerning voter registration forms, county National Voter Registration Act implementation plans, absentee voting in the county clerk's office, certificates of error, and hand counted paper ballots. (24) Makes conforming amendments and technical corrections.

## DIGEST OF SB 387 (Updated February 24, 2014 7:00 pm - DI 84)

Department of homeland security. Eliminates the designation of the division of planning and assessment as the division within the department of homeland security that disburses federal and state homeland security funds to the state and local governments. Transfers from the state department of health to the department of homeland security the authority to regulate radioactive materials. Requires the fire prevention and building safety commission to elect one of its members as vice chair of the commission and provides that, in the absence of the chair, the vice chair shall perform the duties of the chair. Removes, from the law requiring the fire prevention and building safety commission to adopt a statewide code of fire safety laws, certain language pertaining to a previous statewide code of fire safety and building laws. Repeals superseded provisions.

## DIGEST OF SB 393 (Updated February 18, 2014 2:56 pm - DI 84)

Study of collateral recovery agencies. Urges the legislative council to assign to a study committee during the 2014 legislative interim the topic of the statutory changes contained in SB 393-2014, as introduced, concerning regulation of collateral recovery agencies that engage in the business of locating, recovering, or repossessing collateral on behalf of the legal owner of the collateral.

## DIGEST OF SB 394 (Updated March 6, 2014 3:08 pm - DI 84)

Consumer protection. Makes various changes to consumer protection provisions enforced by the attorney general, including: (1) enforcement of investigative demands by the attorney general; (2) acceptance of written assurance of voluntary compliance for certain violations concerning nonprofit corporations; and (3) changes to the definition of "consumer transaction" and to acts, omissions, and practices by a supplier that are prohibited in connection with consumer transactions for purposes of the deceptive consumer sales law.

#### DIGEST OF SB 396 (Updated March 12, 2014 9:20 am - DI 84)

Telecommunications service. Limits the authority of the utility regulatory commission (commission) with respect to interconnection, resale of telecommunications service, and unbundled access to the authority delegated to the commission under federal law. Repeals a provision authorizing the commission to establish certain rates charged by incumbent local exchange carriers to payphone service providers. Provides that the general assembly intends for the 2010 edition of the NFPA 72, National Fire Protection Association Standard for the National Fire Alarm and Signaling Code (NFPA 72) to be incorporated into the Indiana Administrative Code (IAC). Provides that not later than July 1, 2014, the fire prevention and building safety commission (commission) shall adopt rules to incorporate NFPA 72 into the IAC. Allows the commission to adopt emergency rules to meet this requirement. Allows the commission to amend NFPA 72 as the commission considers appropriate, if the rules finally adopted by the commission do the following: (1) Incorporate the definition of, and associated requirements for: (A) a managed facilities-based voice network (MFVN); and (B) a public switched telephone network (PSTN); as set forth in NFPA 72. (2) Allow digital alarm communicator systems that make use of a MFVN to transmit signals from a fire alarm system to an offsite monitoring facility, subject to NFPA 72 requirements. Provides that if the commission does not comply with these rulemaking requirements by the date specified, the following apply on July 1, 2014: (1) The definition of and associated requirements for: (A) a MFVN; and (B) a PSTN; as set forth in NFPA 72, are considered incorporated into the IAC. (2) A person that after June 30, 2014, installs or uses a digital alarm communicator system that: (A) makes use of a MFVN to transmit signals from a fire alarm system to an offsite monitoring facility; and (B) meets the applicable NFPA 72 requirements; is not required to obtain a variance from the commission for the installation or use. Provides that a communications service provider that is an eligible telecommunications carrier for purposes of the federal Lifeline Program is not exempt from: (1) the enhanced prepaid wireless charge; or (2) the monthly statewide 911 fee.

#### DIGEST OF SB 397 (Updated March 5, 2014 5:06 pm - DI 84)

Medicaid reimbursement for wheelchairs for children. Requires the office of Medicaid policy and planning to reimburse in a specified manner for a specialized or nonstandard wheelchair for a child recipient who resides in a nursing facility.

## DIGEST OF SB 405 (Updated March 5, 2014 5:08 pm - DI 84)

Underground utility facilities. Amends the statute concerning the location and protection of underground utility facilities (facilities) during excavation or demolition activities to require, with respect to an excavation or demolition in an unincorporated area, the excavator to submit a separate locate request and notice of the excavation or demolition (notice) to the Indiana Underground Plant Protection Service (association) for at least every 2,640 linear feet (versus every 2,500 linear feet under current law) of proposed excavation or demolition. Provides that a notice expires 20 days after the date the notice is submitted to the association. Provides that if, at

the conclusion of the 20 day period, any part of the excavation or demolition is not complete at any part of the site for which the original notice was submitted, the excavator may not continue or resume the excavation or demolition until: (1) the excavator submits to the association a new locate request and notice for that part of the site for which the excavation or demolition is not complete; and (2) each affected utility operator (operator) provides facility locate markings for that part of the site for which the new locate request and notice are submitted. Provides that if an operator receiving notice of a proposed excavation determines that the operator is unable to: (1) locate and mark the operator's affected facilities not later than the expiration of the statute's mandated two-day period for doing so; or (2) mark the approximate location of the operator's affected facilities; the operator shall notify the excavator and provide additional information and, if requested, onsite assistance to the excavator. Provides that mechanized equipment may not be used to perform an excavation within two feet of either side of the outer limits of a facility unless the excavator meets certain conditions. Provides that mechanized equipment may be used for the initial penetration and removal of pavement or other manmade hard surfaces if certain conditions are met. Urges the legislative council to assign to a study committee during the 2014 legislative interim the topics of underground facilities generally and the technology used to determine the elevation or depth, or both, of facilities subject to the statute. Provides that if a committee is assigned this topic for study, the committee shall not later than November 1, 2014, report its findings and recommendations to the legislative council and the governor. Makes technical changes.

### DIGEST OF SB 406 (Updated March 13, 2014 6:34 pm - DI 104)

Medicaid matters. Makes certain procedural changes to the false claims act and Medicaid false claims act to remove inconsistencies and comply with federal law. Designates the office of the secretary of family and social services as the single state agency for the administration of the Medicaid program and removes the designation from the office of Medicaid policy and planning.

#### DIGEST OF SB 408 (Updated March 13, 2014 11:07 am - DI 77)

Neonatal abstinence syndrome. Defines "neonatal abstinence syndrome" (NAS). Requires the state department of health to: (1) meet with representatives of certain associations to study and make recommendations on issues concerning NAS; and (2) report, before November 1, 2014, on certain issues concerning NAS to the legislative council for distribution to the appropriate interim study committee. Allows the state department of health to establish, before June 1, 2015, one or more pilot programs with hospitals that consent to participate in the programs to implement appropriate and effective models for NAS identification, data collection, and reporting.

#### DIGEST OF SB 420 (Updated March 12, 2014 9:22 am - DI 84)

Property tax deadlines and procedures. Changes for property taxation purposes: (1) the assessment and valuation date for property to January 1; (2) the date a reassessment of a group of

parcels in a particular class of real property begins to May 1; (3) the date after which changes on an amended property tax roll over as a credit to a subsequent year to April 1; (4) the exemption filing date to April 1; and (5) various other related dates. Requires the department of local government finance to certify to each county the assessed values tentatively determined for public utilities by June 1. Changes the deadline for meeting to fix the budget for school corporations that have elected to use a fiscal year budget to April 1.

## DIGEST OF SB 421 (Updated March 12, 2014 5:01 pm - DI 77)

Professional licensing matters. Allows a county fiscal body to waive certification requirements for certain members of the property tax assessment board of appeals appointed by the fiscal body. Establishes assessor, appraiser, and tax representative standards of conduct. Removes a provision specifying that a crematory authority may deliver cremated remains to a funeral director in person or by registered mail. Replaces the regulated occupations evaluation committee with the jobs creation committee. Provides that the funds from certain professions may be used by that profession's board to pay for the administrative expenses of the profession. Makes a change to the definition of "attest" to concur with the Uniform Accountancy Act. Allows a member of the Indiana board of accountancy (board) to serve three terms. Creates a status of "retired" for certified public accountants. Increases the cap on the accountant investigative fund (fund) to \$1,000,000 and directs fines that can currently be imposed by the board to the fund. Removes the requirements that a home inspector's, massage therapist's, private investigator firm's, or security guard agency's insurance list the state as an additional insured. Delays the expiration of certain provisions concerning a certified direct entry midwife and penalties concerning the practice of midwifery. Requires a nonresident pharmacy to submit an inspection report from the applicant's home state. Allows a graduate from a foreign college of veterinary medicine who has a Program for the Assessment of Veterinary Medical Education Equivalence certificate to meet the qualification of graduating from an accredited college of veterinary medicine for purposes of certain licensure exemptions and for applying for a veterinary license. Provides that the state board of funeral and cemetery service (board) has 180 days to investigate a verified complaint. (Current law provides for a 60 day investigation.) Gives the board discretion to order restitution from the preneed consumer protection fund. Provides money in the controlled substances data fund to be used for the administration of the INSPECT program. (Current law allows money to be used for the operation of the INSPECT program.) Requires the Indiana professional licensing agency (agency) to report to the legislative council not later than October 1, 2014, concerning establishing a process for individuals in certain occupations to certify the individual's qualifications to be included on a list maintained by the agency. Makes technical corrections.

#### DIGEST OF SB 422 (Updated March 12, 2014 2:26 pm - DI 84)

Abandoned housing. Requires the attorney general to establish and maintain a tax sale blight registry of all persons ineligible to participate in the tax sale. Provides that properties certified as

vacant or abandoned may be sold outright at the tax sale. Reduces the interest rate for payments in excess of a minimum bid from 10% to 5%. Lowers the interest rate for refunds on certain tax sales from 6% to 5%. Provides that the notice to a record owner of property must occur six months, instead of nine months, after the date of the tax sale. Requires the executive of a county, city, or town to obtain a judgment that a parcel of real property is vacant or abandoned before a certification can be made to the county auditor for tax sale purposes. Reduces the period from six to three months when a tax sale purchaser may petition the court for a judgment directing the county auditor to issue a tax deed if the real property is not redeemed from the sale. Specifies that a property tax penalty for property sold by a county executive through a certificate of sale procedure is to be removed from the tax duplicate if the penalty is associated with a delinquency that was not due until after the date of the original tax sale but is due before the issuance of the certificate of sale by the county executive. Requires, for tax deeds executed for real property sold at a tax sale, that the county auditor submit the tax deed directly to the county recorder for recording and charge the tax sale purchaser the appropriate recording fee. Permits the county auditor to be the only signer of a sales disclosure form. Adds the term "blighted" in determining whether a building is an unsafe building. Requires a business entity that seeks to register to bid at a tax sale to provide a certificate from the secretary of state to the county treasurer. Prohibits foreign business associations that have not registered with the secretary of state from participating in the tax sale. Requires persons who purchase a property or certificate at a tax sale to reimburse the county for the costs of a title search. Permits a county to establish a paddle fee for persons who attend the tax sale. Requires the sheriff to notify the owner of a foreclosed property being sold at auction if the sale is canceled.

## DIGEST OF SJR 9 (Updated March 3, 2014 7:23 pm - DI 84)

Right to hunt, fish, and harvest wildlife. Provides that the right to hunt, fish, and harvest wildlife is a valued part of Indiana's heritage and shall be forever preserved for the public good. Provides that the people have a right, which includes the right to use traditional methods, to hunt, fish, and harvest wildlife, subject only to the laws prescribed by the general assembly and rules prescribed by virtue of the authority of the general assembly to: (1) promote wildlife conservation and management; and (2) preserve the future of hunting and fishing. Provides that hunting and fishing are the preferred means of managing and controlling wildlife. Provides that this constitutional amendment does not limit the application of any laws relating to trespass or property rights. This proposed amendment has not been agreed to by the previous general assembly.